If You Don't
Take The Standard you don't get the news—you would if you did.

The Chelsea Standard.

If You Don't
Advertise in The Standard you don't get the trade—you would if you did.

A CHELSEA PAPER FOR CHELSEA PEOPLE.

VOL. X. NO. 40. CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1898. WHOLE NUMBER 508

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

The sales in our clothing department show that people appreciate a bona fide reduction in price. There is nothing that will reduce a stock in any department like a quarter-off sale. For two weeks longer we shall continue to sell every Overcoat or Suit in our clothing department at just

1-4 OFF

the regular price. Our object in making this reduction is to get our immense stock of clothing down to something like what it should be at this season of the year.

All boys' suits and overcoats one-fourth off.

Men's underwear (small or medium sizes only) 25c.
Men's extra heavy, wool fleeced underwear, worth 69c now 50c
Men's mittens and Gloves 25c, 50c, $1.
Full assortment of all kinds and sizes always in stock of men's socks and rubbers, men's wool boots and rubbers, men's rubber boots, and our prices are all right.

We offer all sizes of ladies' and misses' light colored coats, just received, worth $8, for $5.98.

H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

Butterick's patterns for November now on sale.

FENN & VOGEL

Call your attention to their line of

GROCERIES

Arm and Hammer Soda, 4c a lb. Best Rolled Oats, 10lbs for 25c.
Three 2 lb cans Tomatoes, 25c. Seven cans Sardines in oil, 25c.
Finest clover leaf Codfish 10c lb. Best sugar Corn, 10c a lb.
Four lb package Gold Dust 20c.

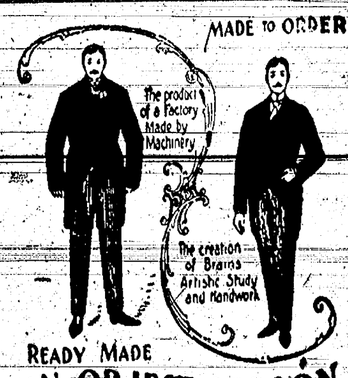
We Pay the Highest Market Price for Eggs.

DRUGS

Try a pound of our Condition Powder.
We have formulas for Parker's, Streeter's and Thatcher's Liniments—the best liniments made.
Our Cough Medicines always cure.
Cream of Lilies softens the hands.
Armstrong's Headache Capsules are unsurpassed.
When in need of anything in the drug and grocery line, give us a call.

Our Motto—Once a Customer, Always a Customer.

MADE TO ORDER



READY MADE
AN OBJECT LESSON

A man is often judged by the company he keeps and the clothing he wears. Have your clothing made by RAFTREY THE WORKER OF MEN'S CLOTHES and be first in position, first in society and always the finest in appearance. Full Dress Suits and fine Clothing a Specialty. Ladies' and Misses' Jackets repaired and remodled.

RAFTREY
The Worker and Importer.

SCHOOL REPORT.

Names of Pupils Who Have not Been Absent or Tardy.

Superintendent's report for the current year to date, October 28, 1898:

Total number enrolled	352
Total number transferred	1
Number re-entries	22
Number left, all causes	33
Total number belonging at date	342
Number of non-resident pupils	33
Number of pupils not absent or tardy	212
Percentage of attendance	97

W. W. Gifford, Supt.

HIGH SCHOOL.

Howard Armstrong	Mabel Brooks
Gussie BeGole	Florence Collins
Warren Boyd	Katie Collins
William Doll	Carrie Goodrich
Frank Fenn	Enid Holmes
Charles Finkbeiner	Anna Lighthall
Earl Finkbeiner	Eva Lulck
Chauncy Freeman	Florence Martin
Warren Geddes	Grace McKernan
Ralph Holmes	Mabel McGuiness
Henry Mullen	Evelyn Miller
Fay Palmer	Rose Mullen
Leigh Palmer	Bertha Schumacher
Carl Plowe	Clara Snyder
Paul Schatble	Emily Steinbach
Henry Speer	Bessie Winans
Wortle Bacon	Claude Burkhart
Louis Stevenson	Emma Wines
Orrin Riemenschneider	

CARRIE MCCLASKIE, Teacher.

NINTH GRADE.

Lee Ackerson	Arthur Kruse
Herman Foster	George Speer
Edgar Steinbach	Bertie Steinbach
Helen Eder	Josie Foster
Vera Glazier	Minnie Heber
Cora Nickerson	Edna Raymond
Cassie Rubert	Rosa Zulke
Tillie Hummel	Barbara Schwikerath

FLORENCE N. BACHMAN, Teacher.

EIGHTH GRADE.

Lillie Black	Helen Burg
Luella Buchanan	Harry Foster
Leland Foster	Myrta Guerin
Howard Holmes	Christina Kalmbach
Chas Moore	Dwight Miller
Cora Stedman	Rollin Schenk
Herbert Schenk	Warren Spaulding
Eddie Tomlinson	

H. DORA HARRINGTON, Teacher.

SEVENTH GRADE.

Arthur Armstrong	Howard Boyd
Harold Glazier	Leon Kempf
Rudolf Knapp	Emmett Page
Annice Bafrus	Cora Burkhart
Lenore Curtis	Mary Eder
Florence Elsenman	Anna Eisele
Viola Lemmon	Daisy Potter
Mamie Snyder	Homer Townsend

MAMIE E. FLETCHER, Teacher.

SIXTH GRADE.

Nellie Atkinson	Paul Bacon
Lee Chandler	Joseph Eisele
Susie Gilbert	Emma Mast
Guy McNamara	Bertie Snyder
Esther Seife	Elmer Winans
Rolland Hummel	Erma Hunter
Vera Hummel	Paul Hirth
Austin Keenan	Sarah Koch
Julia Kalmbach	

ANNA M. BEISSEL, Teacher.

FIFTH GRADE.

Flora Atkinson	Mildred Atkinson
Pauline Burg	Ella Bagge
Arthur Foster	May McGuiness
Jennie Geddes	Adolph Heller
Josie Heselschwerdt	F. Heselschwerdt
Bessie Kempf	Homer Lighthall
Mabel Raftrey	Grace Swarthout
Albert Steinbach	Lillie Schmidt
Hazel Speer	

ELIZABETH DEPEW, Teacher.

FOURTH GRADE.

George Alber	Ruth Bacon
Ethel Burkhart	Minnie Bagge
Alice Chandler	Vera Graham
Nina Greening	Edna Glazier
Bernice Hoag	Ida Mast
Katie Kalmbach	Anna Mullen
Beryl McNamara	Grace Merchant
Margretta Martin	Bessie Swarthout
Elma Schenk	Ray Snyder
Lupa Smith	

MARY A. VAN TYNE, Teacher.

THIRD GRADE.

Winifred Bacon	Reynold Bacon
Don Curtis	Harlan Depew
Lizzie Eisele	Mable Eisenman
Ruben Foster	Galbraith Gorman
Nina Hunter	Claire Hoover
Hazel Hummel	Amelia Hummel
Myrta Ruth Kempf	Mary Lambrecht
Edna Laird	Helen McGuiness
Paul Martin	Ethel Moran
Merryl Prudden	Harold Pierce
Don Rowdel	Lynn Stedman
Cora Schmid	Otto Schwikerth
Mary Spirnagle	

CLARA B. HEMENS, Teacher.

SECOND GRADE.

Herman Alber	James Schmidt
Arthur Avery	Leon Shaver
Fred Bennet	Lena Schwikerath
Daisy Brown	V. Schwikerath
Dorothy Bacon	Adeline Spirnagle
Albert Bates	Nina Schweitman
Margaretha Eppler	Harry Schussler
Ray Franklin	Peter Weick
Ora Gilbert	Nina Belle Wurster
John Hauser	Clarence Laird
Ernest Kuhl	Hazel Trouten
Celia Mullen	Elsa Maroney
Eva Oesterle	Clara Oesterle
Rena Rodel	

MARIE H. BACON, Teacher.

FIRST GRADE.

Norbert Foster	Leo Wade
Ralph Gilbert	Edna Wackenhut
Lydia Hauser	Norbert Eisenman
Margaret Hong	Nada Hoffman
Lewis Hauser	John Hummel
Mary Kolb	Mary Koch
George Kaercher	Iva May Lehman
Carl Lambert	Lloyd Merker
Ruth Raftrey	LeRue Shaver
May Steigelmair	Ellis Schultz
Cleon Wolff	Iva Mae Wood

LOUELLA TOWNSEND, Teacher.

THANKSGIVING.

Usual Proclamation Issued by Governor Pingree.

Gov. Pingree's Thanksgiving proclamation was issued Monday. It is somewhat belated, but quite timely, after all. It read:

In accordance with the proclamation of the President of the United States, and in pursuance of a time-honored custom which was established by our ancestors, I, Hazen S. Pingree, governor of the state of Michigan, do hereby designate and set apart Thursday, the 24th day of November, 1898, as a day of general thanksgiving and prayer, to be observed at the firesides and in places of public worship. Let kindly thoughts and generous acts go forth from man to man; let praises be sung and joy abound everywhere.

The people of Michigan have especial cause for rejoicing this year. They have been blessed by abundant harvests and are reaping the benefits by reason of higher prices in more active markets; they have enjoyed immunity from famine; war clouds have hovered about the nation, but the conflict was of brief duration and victory was ours. The spirit of philanthrophy among our citizens has been active in providing for the needs of the suffering and unfortunate.

For every blessing enjoyed it becomes us to render devout thanksgiving unto Almighty God. While manifesting their happiness let them remember by prayers and with substantial offerings those who have been less blessed with abundance.

The Official Count.

The following is the official vote of Washtenaw county:

Governor.		
Hazen S. Pingree r	4714	142
J. R. Whiting d	4572	—
Lieutenant Governor.		
M. F. McDonald d	4630	59
O. W. Robinson r	4577	
Congress.		
H. C. Smith r	4699	191
O. R. Pierce d	4508	
State Senator.		
Charles A. Ward d	4839	468
John C. Sharp r	4371	
Representative.		
George S. Wheeler r	2490	79
N. E. Sutton d	2411	
H. Stumpenhusen d	2194	59
A. S. Waters r	2135	
Sheriff.		
John Gillen d	4775	300
John H. Kingsley r	4475	
County Clerk.		
J. F. Schuh d	5081	1030
John Heinzman r	4045	
Register of Deeds.		
Geo. A. Cook r	4690	176
Clifford R. Huston d	4522	
County Treasurer.		
G. S. Mann d	4785	147
Jacob Braun r	4438	
Prosecuting Attorney.		
John P. Kirk d	5203	1221
Frank E. Jones r	4042	
Circuit Court Commissioners.		
Wm. H. Murray d	4695	
Tracy L. Towner d	4689	
O. E. Butterfield r	4485	
Fred W. Green r	4544	
Coroners.		
B. F. Watts d	4684	
Christian F. Kapp d	4681	
Harris Ball r	4472	
G. M. Hull r	4580	

William D. Chadwick.

William D. Chadwick one of the most prominent business men of Stockbridge, suddenly called home after an illness of five days, on Saturday evening, November 5, 1898, of appendicitis, aged 37 years, 6 months and 29 days. Deceased was born in Manchester, where he graduated at the age of 16 years. He taught school after his graduation for several years and when 20 years of age bought a farm 6 miles south of Chelsea when he lived for 10 years, teaching school winters and working the farm summers. Of this one year he taught in Cadillac.

March 10, 1886, deceased was united in marriage to Miss Ada B. Gorton of Chelsea. Of this union a daughter, Nina, was born, April 12, 1887. The first three years of their married life was spent on the farm, when he sold out and moved to Chelsea, and was engaged as bookkeeper for H. S. Holmes of that village for three years. Six years ago he with his family moved to Stockbridge, where he formed a co-partnership of Chadwick & Hall together with Chas Gaylord and engaged in the general mercantile business and during these years has been one of the most successful business men and universally respected by all.

Deceased united with the first Baptist church of Chelsea about 10 years ago and was superintendent of the Sunday-school for some time, and was a member of said church until his death. He leaves a wife, one daughter, one brother, Dr. C. S. Chadwick of Grass Lake, a sister, Mrs. Andrew Sawyer of Lyndon, to mourn the loss of a kind husband, father and brother. He died in the full faith of a true christian, being conscious to within a few moments of his death and saying "the Lord's will, not mine, but Thine be done. All is well."

Mr. Chadwick was taken ill Monday afternoon. Drs. Rowe and Brown were called and from Wednesday until Saturday was considered better and out of danger. About three o'clock Saturday afternoon his disease took a sudden change for the worse and about 10 o'clock Saturday evening he breathed his last.

Personally, Mr. Chadwick was a thorough business man, a very devoted husband, a loving father, and when not chiefly engaged in business was always found with his family. Had a kind word for every one and his good nature and loving heart never left him. The date for the funeral was placed for 10:30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon but owing to the fact that Miss Nina is just recovering from scarlet fever in a mild form, the remains were interred in Oak Lawn cemetery Tuesday afternoon at 2:30, the Masonic fraternity, to which organization he belong taking charge. Memorial services will be held some time in the near future.

The greatly bereaved family have the sincere sympathy of all in this deep affliction, "May He who tempers the winds to the shorn lamb, comfort them in this their sad bereavement."

Washtenaw County Teachers' Association.

One of the most interesting and enthusiastic meetings of the Washtenaw County Teachers' Association was held at Chelsea on Saturday last.

The morning session opened with an able discourse on the metric system by Prof. A. D. DeWitt of Dexter, who presided as president on account of the absence of Prof. C. O. Hoyt of Ypsilanti. Reasons for the adoption of the metric system in all business concerns and the simplicity of explanation to pupils were made so evident that it seems but a matter of a short time when it will be universally used.

The general discussion of general topics of general interest was of special value and was not without its humor. The high school room assumed the apperance of a court room and every possible criticism was entertained.

The afternoon session began with primary class work under the direction of Miss Luella Townsend. Her work was the study of the Indians and the attention of the class of little folks before her, proved how interesting the work of Miss Townsend was to them.

The good old talk by Prof. W. J. McKone of Albion, was full of truth and humor from beginning to end. The co-operation of school board, teacher and pupil in the education of the child were fully discussed by the speaker. There is not one sentence of the discourse of Prof. McKone that is not worthy of mention, and the teachers of this county sincerly hope that it may not be the last ocassion of hearing so able a master of a subject pertaining to school work. The citizens of Chelsea may feel proud of the comments of Prof. McKone on the cleanliness, beauty and light of our school within as he surveyed the respective rooms.

Our trip to Washington and the N. E. A. by Miss Marie Kirchhofer of Manchester held the teachers in perfect silence, lest they lose one word of the paper which was so interesting and educational.

The music furnished was of excellent quality. The vocal duet by the Misses Bacon and Lighthall was pleasing, also the sweet solo by Miss Pauline Burg. The instrumental music was of splendid variation.

The criticisms by Commissioner W. N. Lister and Prof. Gifford of Chelsea were very instructive.

After the singing of America by the entire Association the meeting was adjourned by the commissioner until December.

The Ohio Telephone Company has asked the common council for a franchise to construct an exchange in the village of Manchester.

WELL SUITED!

We should say so! All our customers are suited to a T. We won't have it any other way, and it's a matter wholly within our control. Our made-to-order

Suits and Overcoats

are absolutely perfect in fit, the material the finest in the market, and the tailoring a model of high art. You can't make ready-made pass for tailor-made any more than you can get fifty cents accepted for a dollar. It's a deception that won't work at all. Remember we do not have a lot of "old trash" or bankrupt goods on hand but every garment is made from new and up-to-date goods.

J. GEO. WEBSTER,
THE LEADING TAILOR.

Chelsea Bakery.

We always have on hand fresh home-made, French cream, cream, graham and rye breads; sandwiches, buns and biscuits; jelly rolls; fruit cakes; cup cakes; wine cakes; cookies of every kind, pies of all kinds. The finest line of

CANDIES

in town. Goods delivered when desired.

Banquets Furnished.

L. MILLER.

FIRST ANNUAL

CLEARING SALE

—OF—

Buggies and Surries.

Desiring to clear my hall I will offer the Buggies and Surries I have left at prices unheard of. Come and look them over and get prices.

Robes and Blankets.

I have a splendid lot of Robes and Blankets bought direct from the factory (thereby saving you jobbers profit) and I shall offer them at prices to move them quickly. My stock of Harness is complete. Also Trunks, Whips, Curry Combs, Brushes and all kinds of Horse Furnishing Goods. Machine and Harness Oils, Axle Grease of the best quality.

Musical Instruments.

I have a good assortment of Musical Instruments, Books, Folios, Ten Cent Sheet Music, Strings for all the leading instruments. If you wish to buy a Piano or Organ call and see me and get prices before purchasing.

Sewing Machines.

I am sole Agent for the Standard Sewing Machine the world's pride. Call and see them.

C. STEINBACH.

Chelsea Steam Luandry

A cotton imitation of linen that has received our finish is better than linen done up, or rather done out, somewhere else. We aim high and always hit the mark.

COME AND SEE US

FARM FOR SALE.

Situated at Francisco, in sight of the passenger and freight depot, grain elevator, store and postoffice. Contains 58 acres of land, a large first-class house, 2 barns, 2-story grainry (brick lined), good orchard of apple, peach, pear, plum and cherry trees, grape, large bed strawberries early and late, all kinds of small fruits, 15 acres good pasture. Must be sold at once. One half purchase price cash down, balance on long time. Inquire at the premises. D. SHELL, Francisco, Mich.

CONSUMPTION CURE—WARNER'S WHITE WINE OF TAR SYRUP, the best cough remedy on earth, cures a cold in one day if taken in time. 25 and 50 cents.

THE CHELSEA STANDARD.

O. T. HOOVER, Publisher.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

The lines of the Consolidated Electric Street Car Company in Dallas, Texas, are tied up by a strike. Several motormen were discharged by the new superintendent, and other men were put in their places. The employes demanded the reinstatement of the discharged men.

A Great Northern through train was held up and robbed about fifty miles west of Fergus Falls, Minn., by a gang of eight men. The local express safe was blown open and considerable money secured, but the robbers failed to get into the through safe, though they worked two hours over it.

John Haley of Nashville, Tenn., was arrested in New Orleans, charged with being a fugitive from justice. He is wanted on five warrants charging him with concealing stolen property. Haley is alleged to be the confederate of John Leonard, who systematically robbed the Cudahy Packing Company.

Gen. Miles' report, now made public, covers his connection with the war from its inception to its close. His story is told in great part by dispatches consecutively arranged. A large part of the report, however, is made up of an account of the movements of Gen. Miles at Tampa, at Santiago and in Porto Rico.

The steamer Australia has arrived at San Francisco seven days from Honolulu. Among her passengers were thirty soldiers afflicted with malarial fever. The majority of the sick men are members of the cavalry who were detailed on garrison duty in the islands. The voyage improved the condition of most of the men.

The condition of affairs in the American consulate general at the City of Mexico attracts much attention. Vice-Consul Bennett has been suspended and forbidden entrance to the consulate by Consul General Barlow, who has not made known the grounds for his action. Col. Bennett's friends assert that he has been unjustly treated.

Charles F. Phillips, a mining expert, has gone to Colorado in the interest of Eastern capitalists who own valuable claims in the Cripple Creek district. These gentlemen have seen great possibilities in the development of low grade properties in Colorado. They see the necessity of mills for treating low grade ore. Several Eastern capitalists are planning for the construction of big mills.

Dr. Probst of the Ohio State Board of Health has returned from Loveland, where seventy cases of smallpox have been discovered. The epidemic is in mild form and has been raging for months. He says there is no excuse for mistaking the disease for chicken pox, which was done. The disease is on the increase at Sandusky. It was learned that a clerk in a store had been at work after being exposed and that he had come in contact with scores of persons.

Fifteen sailors of the steam whaling bark Belvedere have filed a libel against the bark in the United States District Court at San Francisco. They allege that their shipper for a twelve months' whaling cruise, that they were frozen in all winter in the Arctic near Point Barrow and that when the vessel got away and reached Port Clarence at the expiration of their term of service they asked to be discharged. They aver that the master, Captain Mallard, not only refused to comply with their request, but kept them virtually prisoners on board the bark for eight months longer.

There has been fighting in Okmulgee, I. T., the capital of the Creek nation. Okmulgee is forty miles off the railway and without telegraph or telephone service. It is known, however, that the full bloods made an attack on the treaty leaders at Okmulgee, and that at least one man has been killed and seven or eight wounded. All the Indian police at Agent Wisdom's disposal have been ordered to Okmulgee. The white people feel able to take care of themselves. The only fear is for the half-breeds who voted for the treaty. The Creek returns are all in and show that the treaty was carried. Twelve hundred full bloods stayed away from the polls.

BREVITIES.

Francisco Baca, chief justice of Mexico, is dead.

Gen. Blanco has ordered the arrest of two Spanish editors at Havana who wrote insulting articles against Americans.

Lottie Collins, the music hall singer, attempted suicide at London because of domestic troubles. Her condition is not serious.

Great Britain, France and Italy have accepted Russia's proposal to appoint Prince George of Greece high commissioner of the powers in Crete.

Four negroes were lynched by a mob of 100 white men near Phoenix, S. C. The negroes were charged with being implicated in the shooting of whites during the election troubles.

President Masso and the secretaries representing the so-called Cuban republic since October, 1897, have presented their resignations to the Cuban assembly, and they were accepted.

Edward Woodward, a farmer at Richfield Center, Ohio, killed his half-brother, Joseph Woodward, in a quarrel about where to place some fodder they were drawing. It is claimed the deed was committed in self-defense.

Andres Anderson, a sailor of the Norwegian bark Sigrid, was rescued at sea, after an exciting and thrilling time, by the German oil tank steamer Standard. The remainder of the crew was taken off by an unknown steamer. He had been forgotten.

Sixteen negroes were killed and scores wounded in the war of races at Wilmington, N. C. One white man was killed and two slightly wounded.

The grand jury at Covington, Ky., has started in to break up an alleged fire insurance pool by returning indictments against fifty-three leading companies charging them with illegal combination.

At Little Rock, Ark., E. C. Bruce, operator for the Iron Mountain Railroad, shot Mrs. Fred B. Dax because she ordered him to leave her house, where he had been boarding. Bruce then committed suicide. The woman will recover.

EASTERN.

Chinese laundrymen in New York City have organized a trust.

David Kahnweiler, inventor of the cork jacket life preserver, died in New York.

Ex-Governor Roswell Farnham of Vermont was severely injured by falling from a railway station platform.

Jay Staley, of Grand Island, and Chas. Burke, of Buffalo, lost their lives in the Niagara River by their boat swamping.

Mrs. Leslie Carter, the actress, has filed a petition in bankruptcy at New York, showing liabilities of $63,773, with no assets.

Rev. Dr. H. L. Wayland, one of the most eminent Baptist divines, died at Wernersville, Pa., after an illness of several months' duration.

Rev. W. W. Steel, at one time rector of Grace Church in Ardmore, Pa., has been called to the rectorship of St. Mary's Church, Philadelphia.

Charles McCoskey and John Frawley were killed and twelve other men slightly injured by the explosion of a boiler in the Oil City, Pa., oil works.

A man apparently 60 or 65 years of age, who registered at the Jefferson Hotel in Cleveland as John Jones, Boston, Mass., was found dead in his room.

The summer residence of Clarence Mackay at Westbury, L. I., was destroyed by fire. Loss, $50,000. Mr. and Mrs. Mackay were in the house, but escaped.

Two steamers, the Saxonia, laden with coal, and the Marziana, with a cargo of iron ore, collided near Buffalo, N. Y. Both were badly damaged and sank in shallow water.

David A. Wells, the economist, died at Norwich, Conn. He was born at Springfield, Mass., June 17, 1828. He was the author of a number of books on tariff and financial questions.

The Rutland and Canadian Railroad bill, incorporating the Rutland and Canadian Railroad Company, with a capital stock of $1,000,000, has been passed by the Vermont Legislature.

Harvey, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Smith of Newville, Pa., ran a splinter in his hip. The bit of wood was extracted and the wound healed, but still the boy suffered. Finally lockjaw set in and he died.

Seven men were killed and three fatally injured in the Exeter colliery of the Lehigh Valley Coal Company, West Pittston, Pa. The accident was due to the alleged carelessness of Engineer David Price, in allowing three loaded cars to fall down the 360 foot shaft.

WESTERN.

The Fifth Ohio volunteer regiment has been mustered out and paid off at Cleveland.

Lawyer Charles Offut committed suicide at Omaha because of long-continued poor health.

At Portland, Ore., Claude Branton, convicted of the murder of John Lynn, was sentenced to hang Dec. 23.

James M. Dowell, of Marblehead, Ohio, shot and killed his wife and then committed suicide after a quarrel.

William F. Mink, a St. Louis machinist, was fatally injured by a brick which fell from a building he was passing.

At Little River, Kan., fire destroyed every building on the west side of Main street, including eighteen houses and a hotel.

At Toledo, Ohio, William Beck, a Lake Shore employe, was arrested for systematic stealing from express cars. He confessed.

An incendiary fire destroyed several livery barns and the Troy steam laundry and damaged the Reeding Bouring mill in Elyria, Ohio.

Osa Woodward and John Martin, working at the Chicago Consolidated mine at Joplin, Mo., were instantly killed by falling bowlders.

The right of a city or town to assess an occupation tax on a railroad corporation has been sustained by the Supreme Court of Nebraska.

Samuel Norrish, with large grain and elevator interests in Minnesota and North Dakota, died suddenly at his home in Hastings, Neb.

At Cleveland, Ohio, John W. Averill, a wholesale fish dealer, filed a voluntary bankruptcy petition. Assets, $61,547; liabilities, $43,622.

P. B. O'Reilly, aged 86, the oldest member of the Ancient Order of Hibernians in the United States, is dead at his home in Terre Haute, Ind.

Judge Seaman, of the United States Court at Milwaukee, has rendered a decision that wooden rims for bicycle wheels are not now patentable.

The town of Green Ridge, Mo., was almost swept out of existence by fire. Among the buildings destroyed are the Baptist and Christian churches.

Engineer Richard A. House, of the Chicago and Alton, was found dead on his engine while his train was speeding between Kansas City and Glendale, Mo.

The First National Bank of Flushing, Ohio, posted notices that it would receive no more deposits as it had been decided to quit business and go into liquidation.

William Beck, a Lake Shore employe, has been arrested in Toledo for systematic stealing from express cars. More than $5,000 worth of goods were found in his house.

The officers' quarters at Fort Russell, near Cheyenne, Wyo., were destroyed by an incendiary fire. Lieut. R. C. Landon, Eighth infantry, lost all of his personal effects.

The "Curfew bill," designed to compel children under the age of 15 to be off the streets after 8 p. m. in winter and 9 p. m. in summer, has passed the St. Louis City Council.

The works of the Standard Car Wheel Company, Cleveland, Ohio, together with considerable stock, were totally destroyed by fire. Loss, $90,000, covered by insurance.

The Mayor of Spokane, Wash., has issued a proclamation enrolling all persons over 21 years of age special constables to assist in arresting the robbers who have been active lately.

Two masked robbers entered the postoffice at Arago, Oregon, forced Postmaster Schroeder to open the safe, and secured $1,300 belonging to the Arago Creamery Company and $200 of postal funds.

Travel on the Central Pacific Railway was delayed about twenty-six hours by a fire in the snowsheds and tunnel between Summit and Truckee, Cal. Much damage was done before the flames were subdued.

Decrees of foreclosure and sale have been entered against the Denver City Cable Railroad Company and the Denver West End Street Railway Company in favor of the Central Trust Company of New York.

The operation of the Shanty Hill mine at Malvern, Ohio, is conducted with the utmost secrecy. Lessee Whartman says he will not divulge the production of the mine. All the land in the vicinity has been leased.

At Pitkin, Colo., all the buildings on both sides of Main street, from Fourth street to Fifth, forty in number, were destroyed by a fire, believed to have been of incendiary origin. The loss is estimated at $100,000.

Another step was taken in the attempt to drive the Standard Oil trust out of Ohio when the Attorney General filed a petition in the State Supreme Court asking the forfeiture of the charter of the Buckeye Pipe Line Company.

In the trial of Robert Kinney for the murder of Jerry Root in Bemidji, Minn., last April the jury brought in a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree. The prisoner was sentenced to imprisonment for life in the Stillwater penitentiary.

A terrific explosion was heard throughout the three counties of Muskingum, Morgan and Guernsey, Ohio. The shock rocked buildings like an earthquake. So far, however, all efforts to discover whence the shock originated have proved futile.

Rev. R. F. Howell of Decatur, Ill., was found dead in the Avenue Hotel at Olathe, Kan. He had committed suicide because, on going there to meet the woman with whom he eloped from Warrensburg, Mo., last summer, he found her living with her husband.

The roof of the New Wonderland Theater at Detroit collapsed, carrying down the iron galleries of the structure, and a great mass of scaffolding and debris. Some twenty-five men were working under the collapsed parts of the structure. Eleven men were killed.

At Alva, Okla., George Lout, a farmer, went crazy and killed his wife with an ax. He then entered a room where his three children slept, but as he raised the ax one of them awoke and the insane man dropped the weapon, went to his room and cut his own throat.

Deputy State Factory Inspector Hull has ordered 600 children of school age out of factories at East Liverpool, Ohio. Difficulty is being experienced in filling their places, while many schools are overcrowded. The girls were employed in pottery decorating generally.

A dozen prisoners in the county jail at Bucyrus, Ohio, nearly gained their freedom the other night in a strange manner. They conducted gas by means of a tube to the stone wall, and when it was heated turned cold water on it, shattering the stone. They were discovered before they could get away.

A fire which broke out in the extensive railroad shops of the Southern Pacific Company at Sacramento, Cal., caused a loss of over $200,000. It started in the car and machine shop in the center of a group of large buildings, and, fanned by a stiff northwest wind, destroyed the structure and its machinery in less than half an hour. It next attacked the big saw and planing mill and cabinet shop, filled with seasoned lumber of all kinds, and in a few minutes the whole interior of the big brick structure was a raging furnace. The flames were got under control by daylight.

SOUTHERN.

Dr. Perry H. Bencoater of Bloomsdale, Pa., contract surgeon at Camp Hamilton, Lexington, Ky., died of typhoid fever.

Dr. T. D. Witherspoon, president of the Louisville Theological Seminary and an eminent Presbyterian divine, died at Louisville.

Private William Kane, Company E, Third Kentucky, whose home is at Carlisle, Ky., shot and killed a woman named Maud McClure, in Lexington, Ky.

Arthur Williams, colored, was lynched in Welborne, Fla., for the murder of Miss Eliva Ogden. Buck James and Monroe Leggitt, also colored, charged by Williams with having aided him, are in jail.

Henry Reboul, discharged from the Sixth Cavalry because of physical disability on the day the Maine was blown up, committed suicide in a New Orleans cemetery because of grief at inability to secure reinstatement and take part in the war.

"The Service Men of the Spanish War," which aims to be to the soldiers who enlisted for the Spanish-American war what the G. A. R. is for the veterans of the civil war, has been organized at Lexington, Ky. Its officers are: Commander, Colonel Leonard; Vice Commander, Lieutenant Colonel Banks; Adjutant and Chief of Staff, Captain Davenny; Treasurer, Colonel Gumler.

WASHINGTON.

President McKinley has issued a proclamation reserving lands for naval docks and wharves at Honolulu.

Texas electors gave a majority for the constitutional amendment authorizing the pensioning of ex-Confederates.

Col. Amos Webster, a member of Gen. Grant's personal staff in the campaign around Richmond, is dead at Washington. He was 62 years old.

An explosion occurred at the national capitol at Washington in the basement beneath the Supreme Court chambers, and caused a fire which consumed a part of the Congressional law library, a valuable collection, and destroyed the furnishings of the Supreme Court chamber. The explosion was caused by the ignition of illuminating gas. The damage is irreparable. The damage to the building will amount to about $200,000.

FOREIGN.

Zola is reported to have agreed to deliver a series of lectures in the United States.

The Russian ambassador to Turkey has formally proposed the appointment of Prince George of Greece as commissioner general of the European powers in Crete.

Fire in Hankow, a Chinese river port, destroyed 10,000 houses, and 1,000 inhabitants were burned to death or killed by falling buildings. The damage was $8,000,000.

Field Marshal Yamagata Aritomo has formed a non-partisan ministry for Japan, to succeed the cabinet of Count Okuma Shigaki—the first party cabinet in the history of Japan.

The French newspapers announce that Sarah Bernhardt is going to India to act and to shoot tigers. She has chartered a big steam yacht, which will be commanded by Pierre Loti.

A terrible fire broke out in Sydney, N. S. W., and in a few hours had destroyed twenty large mills. The loss was heavy, and the fire raged through an entire section of the city before being extinguished.

The Greek cabinet has resigned, its members considering that the exceptional circumstances under which they assumed office have expired. M. Zaimis has been intrusted with the reconstruction of the cabinet.

The Chilian congress has approved the protocol between Chili and Argentina for the settlement of the Puna de Atacama dispute. William I. Buchanan, United States minister to Argentina, will act as final arbitrator.

The Turkish troops at Retimo having refused to leave that place, the Russian admiral in those waters, following the example of Admiral Noel, the British commander there, forcibly conveyed them on board a transport.

Dr. Von Rudhart, at one time minister for Bavaria at Berlin, died at Garmisch, Bavaria. He resigned his post in 1880 under sensational conditions, Prince Bismarck having insulted him at a parliamentary soiree at Bismarck's palace.

The London Chronicle publishes the startling statement that before the battle of Omdurman Maj. Marchand addressed a communication to the khalifa inviting him to hoist the French flag and thereby prevent an attack by becoming an ally of France.

The cruiser Maria Teresa, Admiral Cervera's flagship when he made his memorable dash out of Santiago harbor the morning of July 3, raised at great expense by Lieut. Hobson and added to the American navy, foundered off San Salvador in a terrible storm.

IN GENERAL.

Charles Barnes and Hugh Hooker and his two sisters were drowned near Pelee Island, Ont.

At Winnipeg, Man., Paul Brown, colored, was found guilty of murdering, last May, Wilbur S. Burton, colored, late of Duluth.

The steamer Northern Belle was totally destroyed by fire on the Magnettewa river, Ontario. The passengers and crew reached Parry Sound on a tug.

The announcement is made that the entire sugar crop of the Hawaiian Islands has been contracted to the American Sugar Refining Company (the sugar trust).

The new stamp mills of the Treadwell and Allied companies on Douglas Island, Alaska, are completed. These mills give Douglas Island a total of 880 stamps, with a capacity for crushing 2,500 tons of ore daily.

Nikola Tesla claims to have perfected a discovery which will make wars impossible. By its use he says he can propel and control a torpedo or any other moving body or vessel from any distance without any artificial connections.

The Spanish transport steamer Gran Antilla, Capt. Bayona, from Havana, via Porto Rico, with repatriated troops on board, has arrived at Malaga, and reports that there were 100 deaths among the soldiers during the voyage across the Atlantic.

Bears and panthers, impelled by the pangs of hunger, are invading many towns in British Columbia and are terrifying the ranchers. Four bears entered Whitewater city, in Kootenai, recently at night, attacked the meat safe of the principal hotel, demolished it and got away in safety with the provender.

One of Lieut. Peary's publishers in New York has received an interesting personal letter from the explorer, in which he writes: "Thus far my plans have progressed well, and I myself am in good condition." The letter was sent from Etah, Greenland, by one of Peary's two steamships, the Hope.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: "Not even the election has disturbed business or industries on the financial side this week. The volume of business through clearing houses is 8.5 per cent larger than last year and 1.5 per cent larger than in 1892. Neither the volume of business nor the value of manufactured products diminishes. While Bessemer pig is sold against the combination at Pittsburg 10 cents lower, with other iron there and elsewhere steady, the general demand crowds closely on the heels of production. Wool holders at Boston have begun selling largely at concessions said to be 'several cents' per pound. The cotton mills are helped a little by the combination to restrict production about Fall River. Cotton is again at the lowest point ever known—5.31 cents for spot—while Mr. Neill estimates a crop of 11,500,000 bales, besides large stocks brought over here and abroad. Failures for the week have been 194 in the United States, against 276 last year, and 28 in Canada, against 30 last year."

MARKET REPORTS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, $3.00 to $6.00; hogs, shipping grades, $3.00 to $4.00; sheep, fair to choice, $2.50 to $4.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 64c to 66c; corn, No. 2, 31c to 32c; oats, No. 2, 23c to 25c; rye, No. 2, 51c to 52c; butter, choice creamery, 21c to 22c; eggs, fresh, 17c to 19c; potatoes, choice, 30c to 40c per bushel.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, $3.00 to $5.50; hogs, choice heavy, $3.00 to $4.00; sheep, common to choice, $3.00 to $4.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 67c to 68c; corn, No. 2 white, 32c to 34c; oats, No. 2 white, 27c to 28c.

St. Louis—Cattle, $3.00 to $5.75; hogs, $3.50 to $4.00; sheep, $3.50 to $5.00; wheat, No. 2, 68c to 70c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 31c to 32c; oats, No. 2, 25c to 27c; rye, No. 2, 52c to 54c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, $2.50 to $5.25; hogs, $3.00 to $4.00; sheep, $2.50 to $4.25; wheat, No. 2, 66c to 68c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 35c to 37c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 26c to 28c; rye, No. 2, 56c to 58c.

Detroit—Cattle, $2.50 to $5.50; hogs, $3.25 to $3.75; sheep, $2.50 to $4.25; wheat, No. 2, 69c to 70c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 34c to 36c; oats, No. 2 white, 28c to 29c; rye, 52c to 54c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 69c to 70c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 33c to 35c; oats, No. 2 white, 24c to 26c; rye, No. 2, 52c to 54c; clover seed, new, $4.85 to $4.90.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 65c to 67c; corn, No. 3, 33c to 34c; oats, No. 2 white, 25c to 28c; rye, No. 1, 51c to 53c; barley, No. 2, 40c to 48c; pork, mess, $7.75 to $8.25.

Buffalo—Cattle, good shipping steers, $3.00 to $5.75; hogs, common to choice, $3.50 to $4.00; sheep, fair to choice wethers, $3.50 to $5.00; lambs, common to extra, $5.00 to $5.50.

New York—Cattle, $3.00 to $5.75; hogs, $3.00 to $4.00; sheep, $3.00 to $5.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 75c to 76c; corn, No. 2, 39c to 40c; oats, No. 2, 29c to 30c; butter, creamery, 19c to 24c; eggs, Western, 22c to 24c.

GREAT DAMAGE TO CORN.

Weather Bureau's Summary of Crop Conditions for October.

The monthly summary of crop conditions issued by the weather bureau says:

The month of October was generally very favorable for germination and growth of fall-sown grain throughout the country east of the Rocky Mountains, but excessive moisture in the Central Valleys, East Gulf and South Atlantic States interfered with farm work and caused much damage to crops remaining in the fields. On the Pacific coast, in New England, and in the Middle Atlantic States the weather conditions were generally favorable for farming interests.

Generally throughout the Central Valleys and Eastern States east of the Rockies, and that in shock, suffered great damage from excessive rains, which caused sprouting and rotting to a great extent, and delayed husking and cribbing.

Except in Texas and portions of the Carolinas, where cotton-picking has progressed satisfactorily, the month has been very unfavorable for gathering the late crop, much of which, in the central portion of the cotton belt, has been greatly damaged by heavy rains.

The reports generally indicate that early sown grain, germinated quickly, had made vigorous growth and was in excellent condition at the close of the month.

In Kentucky tobacco in barns has sustained injury from the effect of excessive moisture.

The month has been comparatively free from destructive frosts, although they occurred as far south as Northern Florida.

LYNCH LAW IN ILLINOIS.

Negro Taken from the Marshall County Jail by a Mob.

S. W. Stewart, a negro of Toluca, charged with assault upon Miss Mary O'Brien of that place, was taken from the jail at Lacon, Ill., early Monday morning by a mob and hanged to a tree until dead. Miss O'Brien is the daughter of the pit boss of the Toluca coal mine. While she was on her way home Friday evening she was knocked down with a stone by a negro, who then completed his crime. Dogs were put on the trail, and went directly to the house of Stewart. The latter was arrested, and as there was some talk of lynching, was taken to the county jail for safe keeping, where he confessed the crime. Meanwhile the people of Toluca quickly organized for vengeance. Early Monday morning about 100 armed and masked men appeared at Lacon. They broke into the jail, took out Stewart, and hanged him. A coroner's jury returned a verdict that the negro came to his death at the hands of persons unknown.

WILL ASK MORE SOLDIERS.

Secretary Alger Recommends Increase of 75,000 Men.

Secretary Alger in his annual report to the President will recommend an increase in the standing army, and it is likely he will suggest 75,000 as the number of men required. The leaders of both houses have at different times expressed themselves as favorable to an increased standing army.

Gen. Lee, who will command the army in Cuba, says that to bring order out of chaos in Cuba 50,000 men will be required, while in Porto Rico from 5,000 to 10,000 will be needed. Chairman Hull of the House Committee on Military Affairs will formulate a bill embodying the views of the administration.

HARD WORDS FOR THE THIRD.

General Grant Criticises an Illinois Regiment.

Word comes from Porto Rico that Chaplain D. R. Odell of the Third Illinois infantry and Gen. Grant, brigade commander, have had trouble, and the first named has been ordered away from the regimental and brigade hospitals.

The chaplain, it is alleged, wrote home urging that everything possible be done to get the regiment back to this country, on account of the illness and disease which threatened to wipe it out of existence.

He also wrote President McKinley. Gen. Grant told the chaplain that the Third Illinois was the worst body of soldiers he had ever seen, from colonel down, and he ordered the chaplain to keep away from all the hospitals indefinitely.

OUR POPULATION IN 1900.

It May Exceed Ninety Million by Reason of Recent Expansion.

If the United States retains the Philippine Islands as a colony, the combined population of the United States and her colonies, based on figures now obtainable, will reach 84,803,720. Probably when the next census of the United States is taken in 1900, the combined population may exceed 90,000,000. This is a greater population than any other nation, except China, the British empire and the Russian empire. Before the annexation of Hawaii the area in square miles of the United States was 3,602,000. Taken with the Philippines, Porto Rico and Hawaii it will be 3,727,456 square miles, the fourth largest in the world.

DITCH WILL BE DUG.

American Contractors to Complete Big Nicaraguan Canal.

The Nicaraguan congress has unanimously approved the agreement provisionally made by President Zelaya and the American contractors, Edward F. Cragin of Chicago and Edward Eyre of New York, authorizing the construction of the inter-ocean canal.

The adoption of that clause of the agreement declaring that the concession to the Maritime Canal Company will terminate Oct. 19, 1899, was received with prolonged cheers. A syndicate headed by ex-Mayor William P. Grace of New York City controls the new concession, which must complete the big canal under penalty within twenty-five years.

Spain's Mourning Stamp.

As a means of paying off the war debt, which is claimed to be 2,000,000,000 pesetas ($500,000,000), the Spanish Government has issued a stamp of mourning, which is to be used on all the inland mail of Spain and her colonies. The stamp, which is of the denomination of five cent de pesetas (one cent), is printed in somber black, and must be affixed to all mail matter in addition to the regular postage stamp.

Sparks from the Wires.

New York police believe that they have unearthed an extensive scheme to defraud life insurance companies.

Senator Hale of Maine has been fined $40 for violating the State game law by shipping game out of the State.

Twenty-six sick and dying persons were recently picked up on the streets of Manzanas, Cuba, on the same day.

Postmaster-General Smith has directed that Hawaiian stamps be recognized at their face value on articles mailed in Hawaii.

Although Admiral Sampson's report, sent through the press dispatches, does not contain a word of censure, criticism or complaint concerning the conduct of Admiral Schley, but simply gives the correspondence and orders in their sequence and allows the department and the public to judge it for themselves, it places the commander of the flying squadron in an embarrassing position, and explains why the Secretary of the Navy asked Congress not to pass resolutions conveying a vote of thanks to Admiral Schley. It also confirms the story telegraphed from St. Louis that Schley's fleet remained before the harbor of Cienfuegos for five days after he was informed that Cervera was in the harbor at Santiago, and that he started for Key West for coal, leaving Cervera free to go where he pleased until recalled by sharp orders from the Secretary of the Navy, who then placed Captain Sampson over his head.

Every year the heads of the great departments in Washington are having increased trouble with superannuated clerks. Many of these clerks have been in public service from twenty-five to thirty-five years, and there are not a few on the rolls who have been working uninterruptedly for the Government for forty-five or fifty years. Many of these old clerks have been holding salaried positions for a great many years, but the great majority are middle class, where the salaries range from $1,000 to $1,400. With advancing years they lose in efficiency and their retention on the pay rolls in important positions is an injustice to younger and better clerks, who are doing a greater amount of work for less money. Heads of departments can not nerve themselves to discharge these veteran clerks, and so they drag on year after year, incumbering the service.

Officials of the quartermaster general's office of the War Department say that those who desire to avail themselves of the Government's order to transport Christmas packages to the American soldiers at Honolulu and Manila should address the quartermaster general, Washington, D. C., for instructions. The department desires to regulate and control the number, size and contents of the packages so far as possible, and will not undertake to pay ocean freight upon everything that may be sent.

Exportation of wire nails from the United States has increased fifteen-fold during the last ten years, going from 1,547,000 pounds in 1888 to 22,804,000 pounds during the fiscal year 1898. This product of American workmen goes to every grand division of the globe and practically every country. Ten years ago the price per pound was 10 cents. To-day it is 2 cents. Thus, the 1,547,000 pounds exported in 1888 brought $155,000, while the 22,804,000 pounds exported during the last fiscal year yielded only $458,000.

Speaker Reed is dead set against keeping Congress in session any longer than is absolutely necessary. His influence may, therefore, be counted upon to be thrown against a special session. He can practically control the committees in a short session and keep matters back which he does not wish to have acted on. In a long session this is more difficult and there is constant danger of the House breaking away from him. This was done two or three times last spring and summer.

The Comptroller of the Currency finds that he cannot issue a charter to a national bank in the Hawaiian Islands. This will be a severe disappointment to several ambitious politicians in Washington, who have been planning for months to secure the first charter for a national bank at Honolulu. The same crowd is after national bank charters in Porto Rico and Manila. It is believed that Congress will have to give specific authorization before the Comptroller can issue charters in any of these places.

The clerk of the Supreme Court is in receipt of a large number of letters from lawyers in all parts of the country inquiring of him when the Supreme Court will issue rules and regulations for the government of courts in the enforcement of the bankruptcy law. Having no definite information on the subject, Major McKenney is obliged to write non-committal replies to the effect that the court has not as yet promulgated the rules and regulations.

Gen. Fitzhugh Lee has written a very complimentary letter concerning the work of the Young Men's Christian Association among the soldiers in Florida and has requested that their representatives may be authorized to accompany his army to Cuba and prepare for even more extensive work.

The United States will have to take charge of the postal system in Cuba as soon as the Spaniards evacuate, for the Cubans have no governmental organization of any sort and chaos would result at once if this action were not taken.

Up to date 2,000 claims for pensions have been filed by soldiers and sailors and their dependents on account of the war with Spain. Seventy were for victims of the Maine.

For lack of something else to talk about politicians in Washington are discussing the probabilities of an extra session of Congress after the 4th of next March.

Senator Justin S. Morrill of Vermont will resign his seat some time during the coming winter in order to permit the Vermont Legislature to choose his successor at its regular session. His retirement will be the removal of a political landmark, for Senator Morrill has served without a break since March 4, 1855—a period of nearly forty-four years.

While two brothers, Eddie and Jesse Poindexter, were out hunting crows, near Nelson, Mo., a shotgun in Jesse's hand was accidentally discharged, seriously wounding Eddie.

WELL, my children, here is Thanksgiving time again, and we turn to our turkeys with a pretty joyful and a pretty hopeful heart. Bless you, though, one holiday treads so quickly upon another's heels in this country that the last celebration is in danger of tripping up the former one. It is a fast age, and your Uncle Sam will no sooner get out his memorandum book to sum up his causes for gratitude than December shoots out "Merry Christmas!" and the whole string of celebrations seems to break loose. It is, indeed, a fast age, my children, a fast age. Why, time was when it took three whole days to make a feast; one to prepare for it, one to get over it, and one to enjoy it leisurely. We rested from Christmas to Washington's birthday, and then had nothing to do but get ready for the Fourth. Then, Thanksgiving found us with longing for turkey, and the holly season sharpened our appetites with its savory odor of plum pudding.

But, bless you, my children, those good old days are past and gone, along with last year's fashions. We rush and hurry from one festival to another, and fill up the spaces with flag days, and arbor days, and memorial days, and world's fairs, and soldiers' monuments, until your Uncle Sam is on a dash from one end of the country to the other, trying to fulfill his state and national engagements. And, whenever he hopes to snatch an hour's rest, bless you! some invitation arrives, and he has to scamper off to lay a corner stone, or crown an arch, or fire a salute, or respond to a toast, until his very last suit is in imminent danger of losing its buttons and tearing at the seams!

But to return to our turkey and the list in the memorandum book. Thanksgiving is here, and the earth is rejoicing! The peace jubilee is over, things fixed for comfort, and calmness and happiness, and the football player is now monarch of the day. During his temporary sovereignty, let Uncle Sam recount the blessings of the year that has run its course through ways of peril, and hardship, but, withal, of blessings.

Your Uncle Sam is grateful that the war is over, and Cuba can sit down at the November table with a Thanksgiving all her own. Spain must not complain of her "cooked goose!" Time is when your Uncle Sam, getting riled, acts quicker'n a wink. It took some vessels, some guns, some of his own sure boys, to teach those dons how to run, but it had to be did! The scrimmage had to be short, for all hands were due back at the home table this blessed Thanksgiving day, and, the ball set rolling, it was hustled along fast. We are thankful that the world knows how prompt we can act for right against oppression, how sure we are of our mettle, and maybe before many more Thanksgiving days—if things don't go a little more civilized in the far East—there's a Turkey's head we'll have to chop off before we can sit down to our plum-pudding table quite easy and satisfied.

Your Uncle Sam is especially grateful for the pretty girls that remain in the country. This international matrimonial market business has been giving the lords and dukes and earls a chance to rob us right and left. We must put a stop to this, boys! The table don't look right with so many pretty faces gone. We need all the beauty and smiles and winsomeness we can find, and if those titled foreigners must have a live, bouncing American girl, let them come over here and be Americanized and naturalized, and sit down at the table and learn our ways.

We have had some glorious shows the last year—flower shows, county fairs, a big Western exposition. We have had conventions, and the chance to view in public the men and women of the epoch, with an extra gathering to press down good measure. We have had baseball and tennis and golf, and yacht races and rowing. And in them all American muscle and American brains have topped the bargain and capped the climax! Let us give thanks for all these amusements and pleasures, thanks for our blessings, thanks for our hopes.

And a special hurrah for our farmers, amid all this joy of health and vigor! Think of the bountiful reward for the labor of the husbandman! We have been preserved as a nation, and our glory shines afar before all peoples. We have welcomed the oppressed, we have given a shelter to the homeless. We have aided suffering, and borne the Stars and Stripes where they were needed the most.

Once more, children, all together! waving an encouraging flag over to Hawaii and Cuba and the Philippines, a cheer for them, a cheer for America, yourselves and Uncle Sam:

My country, 'tis of thee,
Sweet land of liberty,
Of thee I sing.
Land where my fathers died,
Land of the pilgrims' pride,
From every mountain side
Let Freedom ring!

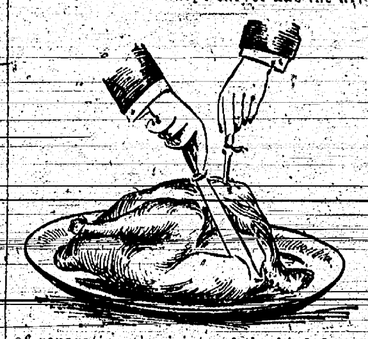
The earth, the air and the water had yielded of their bountiful supplies, and the good dames had done honor to their skill and ingenuity by setting before their hungry guests and companions a repast as sumptuous and tempting as it was varied and delightful. Foremost of all there was roast turkey, dressed with beechnuts; then came rare venison pasties, savory meat stews with dumplings of barley flour; delicious oysters (the gift of the Indians, and the first ever tasted by the white men); great bowls of clam chowder with sea biscuit floating on the steaming broth; roasts of all kinds, broiled fish, salads, cakes and plum porridge; while the center of each of the long tables was adorned with a large basket overflowing with wild grapes and plums and nuts of every variety.

"It was the time of the Indian summer. The soft, mellow sunlight shone warmly through the drowsy haze, illumining the somber woodland with a rich golden light, while the gentle winds of the south, laden with the sweet perfumes of the forest, came as a lingering dream of summer to add to the joy and brightness of this Thanksgiving feast. Upon the balmy air arose the hum of many voices, and the merry music of laughter, as the pilgrims, with their Indian guests, partook of the feast that the Provider of all things had given them."

CARVING THE TURKEY.

Adepts Have Reduced the Art to an Exact Science.

Something more than a sharp knife and a tender turkey is necessary to be master of the situation, when a turkey is placed before you. The adept carver has the art



of separating the joints of the bird down to such an exact science that in one minute they can cut the most gigantic turkey into pieces each a good size for a plate.

Plant the fork into the turkey's breast, and cut off the left wing. This is done with a downward swing that catches the joint. The fork meanwhile, with a prong on each side of the breastbone, is held stiff and firm in the left hand.

Now press the blade of the knife downward, and remove the leg and second joint. As these fall upon the dish they must be lifted to a small platter to be out of the carver's way. There should always be a warm platter near the carver.

The third move of the carver is to slice off the breast, removing it in layers parallel to the breast bone. This makes a slice of very good grain, better than if it were cut crosswise.

The fourth stroke is upward from the pope's nose so as to catch the "oyster bone" on the side. This reveals the stuffing, which can be sliced off.

The wishbone is next removed. This is done by slipping the knife under the point of the bone, after the breast is sliced off, and sweeping it downward toward the neck. A very nice portion of the meat comes with it. Follow these directions and carving a fowl will not be difficult.

We Thank Thee, Lord.

For evil things which make us love the good;
For all temptations which we have withstood;
For sins abhorred;
For bitter pains that gave us sweet surcease;
For life, for death, and Death's great daughter—Peace—
We thank Thee, Lord!
—Chicago Times-Herald.

HER HEART'S DESIRE.

"HE shall give thee thy heart's desire."

The choir of the little country church did not sing the beautiful words very well. The soprano's voice was unmistakably "cracked" and the tenor displayed surprising disregard of time and tune. But then, there were no musical critics in the small congregation scattered throughout this quiet little country church that Thanksgiving morning. And the beauty of the words and the promise contained in them touched the hearts of many.

"Wait patiently upon the Lord and he shall give thee thy heart's desire," repeated the choir.

"It is not true!"

The words were not spoken, but they were in the thought and heart of one old woman sitting far back near the door. She sat alone, for she was alone in the world. Those who had once peopled the old pew with her—father, mother, husband, brothers and sisters, and the child of her love and care, all were gone. The quiet peaceful beauty of that Thanksgiving morning and the spiritual atmosphere of the church had quite failed to appeal to old Margaret Hudson. Never had she felt in a more rebellious mood. It would have dazed and pained the white-haired old elder in the pulpit had he known the thoughts that were uppermost in the mind of the small, black, keen-eyed little old woman whose head gave a little defiant toss when he rose and said:

"Let us bow our heads in prayer."

Margaret Hudson did not bow her head, and her heart did not respond to the simple, fervent prayer of Elder Norris.

"What's the use?" she was saying angrily to herself. "Haven't I been bowing my head and my knees in prayer for years and years—in one prayer for one thing, for my heart's desire, and has it been granted to me? No, it hasn't! I have 'waited patiently on the Lord' and He has not given me the desire of my heart. I don't believe that He ever will give it to me. I've lost faith and hope. I can't help it. 'My heart's desire' has been denied me so long and the promise has not come true for me. I can't believe that it is true."

There were educated, polished and brilliant ministers in beautiful city churches who preached with less simple and tender beauty than that old elder preached that morning about the joy of gratitude and praise-giving for the blessings of God, but Margaret Hudson was not touched by the words. Her faith had lost its Olivet and her love its Galilee.

"When He gives me my heart's desire," she said stubbornly. "When He sends my boy, my Jim, back to me, I will believe that His promises are true. I can't trust Him any more until He does."

She did not tarry at the close of the service for her usual greeting of old friends, but stole out alone and hurried toward her lonely home, the homelness and desolation of which were never so hard to bear as now.

"If He'd hear my prayer and send Jim back to me it would be so," she said. "Jim! Her heart's desire! Where was he at that moment?

"God only knows!" his mother said, between her broken sobs as she went slowly along over the country road, the bright sunlight of a glorious November day lending a radiance to the brown leaves still remaining on the trees. It had been twenty years since she had seen Jim. He was then a handsome, headstrong boy of 18, and the only child that had come to her. She had lavished upon him the warmest, tenderest affections of her life, and yet she never knew just why Jim had run away from home in his 18th year and she had never seen him nor heard from him since that day.

She knew that he had gone "out West," and she was too poor to follow him, had she known where he was.

There had been vague and unfounded rumors that he had "got into trouble," but proof of this was lacking, and her neighbors had long ago ceased to speak of Jim to Margaret Hudson. But not for one day nor for one hour had she ceased to think of him—her heart's desire.

Twenty years of unanswered prayer had ended in this spirit of depression and rebellion, and there was no love nor gratitude in Margaret Hudson's heart that Thanksgiving morning.

Presently she came to the bars in a fence by the roadside through which she must pass on her homeward way. She leaned heavily on the bars, and then dropped slowly to her knees with her head resting on one gaunt arm stretched out upon one of the bars. Her lips moved slowly in prayer.

"Oh, God," she said, "I have been so sinful, so wicked. Forgive me and let the desire of heart be for perfect trust in Thee no matter what Thy will may be concerning me. Make this my heart's desire."

There was a smile on her brown and wrinkled old face when she rose to her feet and went on her homeward way. All trace of rebellion had fled from her face, and her eyes shone through a mist of tears.

She pushed open the gate before her tiny brown house and when old Hero, the dog, came bounding forward with noisy greeting she patted him kindly and said cheerily:

"Good old dog! Glad to see me, aren't you, old fellow?"

She looked up to see a tall, broad-shouldered, brown-bearded man coming rapidly down the path toward her with outstretched arms and twinkling brown eyes.

"Mother!" he said.

"Why, Jim!"

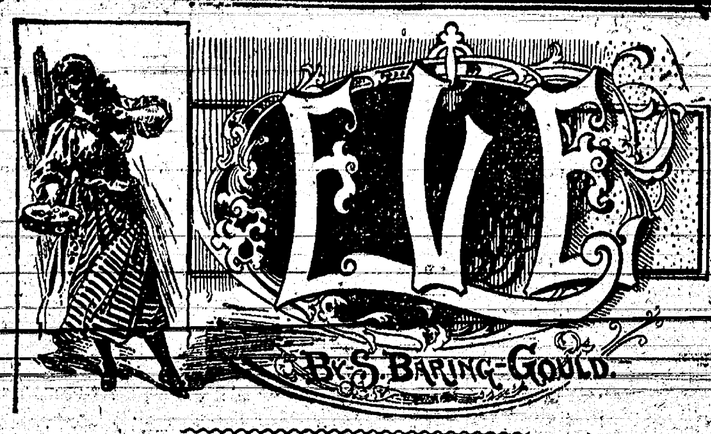
And they walked up the path with their arms around each other.

And later Margaret Hudson went softly about her tidy, sunny dining room setting her tables for dinner and singing softly, "Wait patiently upon the Lord and He shall give thee thy heart's desires."

A THANKSGIVING BANQUET.

The Pilgrims' Dinner Given to Indian Chiefs.

The state dinner of the occasion—the real Thanksgiving dinner—took place on Saturday, the last day of the celebration, says the Ladies' Home Journal. "Notwithstanding that the kitchens of these wilderness homes were sadly wanting in many of the most common essentials of cookery, there was no lack of good things of a substantial character at this great feast.



CHAPTER I.

In a hollow of down, half a mile from oak woods and crags, with an ancient yew and Spanish chestnut before it, stood, and stands still, Morwell House, the hunting lodge of the abbots of Tavistock, built where a moor-well gushed from amidst the golden gorse, brakes, and after a short course ran down the steep side of the hill, and danced into the Tamar.

Seventy or eighty years ago this house was in a better and worse condition than at present; worse, in that it was sorely dilapidated; better, in that it had not suffered tasteless modern handling to convert it into a farm with laborers' cottages. Even forty years ago the old banqueting hall and the abbot's parlor were intact. Now all his been restored out of recognition. In the interior of this old hall, on the twenty-fourth of June, just eighty years ago, sat the tenant; a tall, gaunt man with dark hair. He was engaged cleaning his gun, and the atmosphere was foul with the odor exhaled by the piece that had been recently discharged, and was now being purified.

Once—suddenly—he placed the muzzle of his gun against his right side under the rib, and with his foot touched the lock. A quiver ran over his face, and his dim eyes were raised to the ceiling. Then there came from near his feet a feeble sound of a babe giving token with its lips that it was dreaming of food. The man sighed, and looked down at a cradle that was before him.

Presently, recovering himself from his abstraction, he laid the gun across the cradle, from right to left, and it rested there as a bar sinister on a shield, black and ominous. His head sank in his thin shaking hands, and he bowed over the cradle. His tears or sweat, or tears and sweat combined, dropped as a salt rain upon the sleeping child.

All at once the door opened and a man stood in the yellow light, like a mediæval saint against a golden ground and called in a hard, sharp tone, "Eve! where is Eve?"

The man at the cradle started up, showing at the time how tall he was. He stood up as one bewildered, with his hands outspread, and looked blankly at the newcomer.

"Are you Ignatius Jordan?"

"I am."

"And I am Ezekiel Babb. I am come for my daughter."

Ignatius Jordan staggered back against the wall, and leaned against it with arms extended and with open palms. The window through which the sun streamed was ancient; it consisted of two lights with a transom, and the sun sent the shadow of mullion and transom as a black cross against the further wall. Ignatius stood unconsciously spreading his arms against this shadow like a ghastly Christ on his cross. The stranger noticed the likeness, and said in his harsh tones, "Ignatius Jordan, thou hast crucified thyself." Then again, as he took a seat unasked, "Eve! where is Eve?"

The gentleman addressed answered with an effort, "She is no longer here. She is gone."

"What!" exclaimed Babb; "no longer here? She was here last week. Where is she now?"

"She is gone," said Jordan, in a low tone.

"Gone!—her child is here. When will she return?"

"Return!"—with a sigh—"never."

"Cursed be the blood that flows in her veins!" shouted the newcomer, "restless, effervescing, fevered, fantastic! It is none of it mine, it is all her mother's." He sprang to his feet and paced the room furiously, with knitted brows and clenched fists. Jordan followed him with his eye. The man was some way past the middle of life, strongly and compactly built. His profile was strongly accentuated, hawklike, greedy, cruel.

"I see it all," he said, partly to himself; "that cursed foreign blood would not suffer her to find rest even here, where there is prosperity. Bah! all her lust is after tinsel and tawdry." He raised his arm and clenched fist. "A life accursed of heaven! Of old our forefathers, under the righteous Cromwell, rose up and swept all profanity out of the land, the jesters, and the carol singers, and theatrical performers, and players and tumblers. But they returned again to torment the elect. What saith the Scripture? Make no marriage with the heathen, else shall ye be unclean, ye and your children."

He repeated himself. "Ignatius Jordan," he said, "I was mad and wicked when I took her mother to wife, and a mad and wicked thing you did when you took the daughter. As I saw you just now—as I see you at present—standing with spread arms against the black shadow cross from the window, I thought it was a figure of what you chose for your lot when you took my Eve. I crucified myself when I married her mother, and now, the iron enters your side."

Again he paused. The arms of Jordan fell.

"So she has left you," muttered the stranger, "she has gone back to the world, to its pomps and vanities, its lusts, its lies, its laughter. Gone back to the players and dancers."

Jordan nodded; he could not speak.

"Dead to every call of duty," Babb continued with a scowl on his brow, "dead to everything but the cravings of a cankered heart; dead to the love of lawful gain; alive to music, to glitter. I will light my pipe." Ezekiel Babb struck a light with flint and steel. "We have made a like experience, I with the mother, you with the daughter. Why are you downcast? Rejoice if she has set you free. The mother never did that for me."

The child in the cradle began to stir. Jordan rocked it with his foot.

"I will tell you all," the visitor continued. "I was a young man when I first saw Eve—not your Eve, but her mother. It was the great fair day. There were performers in the open space before the market. I had seen nothing like it before. What was performed I do not recall. I saw only her. I thought her richly, beautifully dressed. Her beauty shone forth above all. She had hair like chestnut, and brown eyes, a clear, thin skin, and was formed delicately as no girl of this country and stock. A carpet was laid in the market place, and she danced on it to music. It was like a flame flickering, not a girl dancing. She looked at me out of her large eyes, and I loved her. It was witchcraft, the work of the devil. The fire went out of her eyes and burnt to my marrow; it ran in my veins. That was witchcraft. How else was it that I gave no thought to Tamsine Bovey, of Buncombe, till it was too late, though Buncombe joins my land, and so Buncombe was lost to me forever? Quiet that child if you want to hear more. Hah! Your Eve has deserted you and her babe, but mine had not the good heart to leave me."

The child in the cradle whimpered. The pale man lifted it out, got milk and fed it, with trembling hand, but tenderly, and it dozed off in his arms.

"A girl?" asked Babb. Jordan nodded.

"Another Eve—a third Eve?" Jordan nodded again. "Another generation of furious, fiery blood to work confusion, to breed desolation. When will the earth open her mouth and swallow it up, that it defile no more the habitations of Israel?"

Jordan drew the child to his heart, and pressed it so passionately that it woke and cried.

"I cannot deny that she was a good wife," continued Babb. "But what availed it me to have a woman in the house who could dance like a feather, and could not make scald cream? Then she bore me a daughter, and the witchery was not off me, so I called her Eve—that is your Eve, and after that she gave me sons, and then" angrily "then, when too late, she died. Why did she not die half a year before Tamsine Bovey married Joseph Warmington? If she had, I might have got Buncombe—now it is gone, gone forever."

He knocked the ashes out of his pipe, and put it into his pocket.

"Eve was her mother's darling; she was brought up like a heathen to love play and pleasure, not to work and duty. When the mother died, Eve—your Eve—was a grown girl, and I suppose home became unendurable to her. One day some play actors passed through the place on their way from Exeter, and gave a performance in our village. I found that my daughter, against my command, went to see it. When she came home, I took her into the room where is my great Bible, and I beat her. Then she ran away."

"Did you not go in pursuit?"

"Why should I? She would have run away again. Time passed, and the other day I chanced to come across a large party of strollers. I learned from the manager about my child, and so, for the first time, heard where she was. Now tell me how she came here."

Ignatius Jordan raised himself in his chair, and swept back the hair that had fallen over his bowed face and hands.

"It is passed and over," he said.

"Let me hear all. I must know all," said Babb.

CHAPTER II.

"Last Christmas twelvemonth," said Ignatius Jordan slowly, "I was on the moor—Morwell Down, it is called. Night was falling. I heard cries for help. I found a party of players who were on their way to Launceston, and were caught by the storm and darkness. They had a sick girl with them——" His voice broke down.

"Eve?" asked Ezekiel Babb.

"Yes. I invited them to come here. The house is large enough to hold a score of people. Next day I set them on their way forward. But the girl was too ill to proceed. After a week the actors sent here to learn how she was. Then a month later, they sent again, but though she was better I would not let her go. After that we heard no more of the players. So she remained at Morwell."

He clasped his hands on his knees, and went on with bent head: "But the players returned and were in Tavistock last week, and one of them came up here to see her, not openly, but in secret. This place is solitary and sad, and Eve of a lively nature. She tired of being here. She wearied of me."

Babb laughed bitterly. "And now she is flown away with a playactor. As she deserted her father, she deserts her husband and child, and the house that housed her. See you," he put out his hand and grasped the cradle: "Here lies vanity of vanities, the pomps of the flesh, the lust of the eye, and the pride of life, nestled in that crib, that self-same strain of leaping, headlong, wayward blood, that never will rest till poured out of the veins and rolled down into the ocean, and lost—lost—lost!"

Babb stooped over the cradle and plucked out the child. He held it in the sunlight streaming through the window, and looked hard at it. Then he danced it up and down with a scoffing laugh.

"See, see!" he cried; "see how the creature rejoices and throws forth its arms. Look at the shadow on the wall, as of a Salamander swaying in a flood of fire."

Ignatius Jordan seized the babe, snatched it away from the rude grasp of Babb, clasped it passionately to his breast, and covered it with kisses. Then he gently replaced it, crowing and smiling, in its cradle, and rocked it with his foot.

"You fool!" said Babb; "you love the strange blood in spite of its fickleness. Now that the mother is gone, who will be the mother to it?"

"I—I—I!" the cry of an eager voice. Babb looked round, and saw a little girl of six, with gray eyes and dark hair, a quaint, premature woman, in an old-long, stiff frock. Her little arms were extended: "Baby sister!" she called, "don't cry!" She ran forward, and, kneeling by the cradle, began to caress and play with the infant.

"What is this?" asked Ezekiel.

"My Barbara," answered Ignatius in a low tone: "I was married before, and my wife died, leaving me this little one."

At a sign from the father Barbara rose, and carried the child out of the room, talking to it fondly, and a joyous chirp from the little one was the last sound that reached Babb's ears as the door shut behind them.

"Naught but evil has the foreign blood, the tossing fever-blood, brought me. First it came without a dower, and that was like original sin. Then it prevented me from marrying Tamsine Bovey and getting Buncombe. That was like sin of malice. Now Tamsine is dead and her husband, Joseph Warmington, wants to sell. I tell you," he went on fiercely, "that so long as all that land remains another's and not mine, so long shall I feel only gall, and not pity nor love, for Eve, and all who have issued from her—for all who inherit her name and blood. I curse——" his voice rose to a roar, and his gray hair bristled like the fell of a wolf, "I curse them all with——"

The pale man, Jordan, rushed at him and thrust his hand over his mouth.

"Curse not," he said vehemently; then in a subdued tone: "Listen to reason, and you will feel pity and love for my little one who inherits the name and blood of your Eve. I have laid by money. It shall be the portion of my little Eve, and I will lend it to you for seventeen years. This day, the 24th of June, seventeen years hence, you shall repay me the whole sum without interest. I am not a Jew to lend on usury. I shall want the money then for my Eve, as her dower. In the meantime take and use the money, and when you walk over the fields you have purchased with it—bless the name."

A flush came in the sallow face of Ezekiel Babb. He rose to his feet and held out his hand.

"You will lend me the money, two thousand pounds?"

"I will lend you fifteen hundred."

"I will swear to repay the sum in seventeen years. You shall have a mortgage."

"On this day."

"This 24th day of June, so help me, heaven!"

A ray of orange light, smiling through the window, was falling high up the wall. The hands of the men met in the beam, and the reflection was cast on their faces—on the dark, hard face of Ezekiel, on the white, quivering face of Ignatius.

"And you bless," said the latter, "you bless the name of Eve, and the blood that follows it."

"I bless. Peace be to the restless blood."

(To be continued.)

WHAT BISMARCK BELIEVED.

Faith in a Living God and Love for Truth and Sincerity.

Bismarck may or may not have been a man without a scruple; he certainly was not a man without a very living faith in a living God. He took as little stock in "streams of tendency" as Mr. Gladstone himself. Oliver Cromwell, indeed, was not more firmly convinced of the reality of a Divine Providence than this intellectual giant of the skeptical nineteenth century.

This was in him a lifelong characteristic. When he was a boy Bismarck's parents made a great point of inculcating truth on his youthful mind. When young Otto was 15 it was Schleiermacher who prepared him for confirmation. Old Bismarck wrote to the famous preacher and professor, begging him in his instructions to lay special stress on the virtues of sincerity and truth. Schleiermacher confirmed Bismarck, and gave him as his motto for the guidance of his future life an altered version of Ephesians vi., 7: "What thou doest do as to the Lord and not to men."

When he was in the heyday of his fame, in 1887, he talked much to Sir W. B. Richmond about religion and prayer. "I remember," he said, "at 14 thinking prayer needless, for it struck me then that God knew better than I. I think much the same now, except that the usefulness of prayer is in that it implies submission to a stronger power, which is neither arbitrary nor capricious. Of a future life I doubt not. The present is too sad and incomplete to answer to our highest selves. It is evidently a struggle, then, only in vain if it is to end here; ultimate perfection I believe in."

Nor was he in the least disposed to shrink from professing his faith before men. When Mr. Gladstone died, Lord Salisbury described him in his eulogium in the house of lords as a "most eminent Christian." Followers of the meek and lowly Nazarene would possibly be slow to recognize the man of blood and iron as a disciple of the Christ who was crucified. But Bismarck himself had no misgivings as to his place among the believers. Nor was his a deathbed repentance. He did not postpone his avowal of faith in the unseen until things seen were becoming dimly visible through the mists of death. In the supreme moment of his career, on the eve of the war which gave Prussia the headship of Germany, in the midst of the war that made Germany the master of Europe, he avowed with proud humility that to him all that was vital in this life sprang from his faith in the life to come.—Review of Reviews.

No Distinguishing Marks.

"Were there any marks about him by which he could be described?" asked the detective.

"Yes," eagerly replied the father of the runaway boy, "his trousers were nearly worn through at the knees, and he had in one of his pockets, as I heard my wife say a day or two ago, a knife with a broken blade, a pistol cartridge that had been fired off, a match, some of the wheels of an old watch, a leather shoestring, a broken key, a bunch of twine, two or three white pebbles, a piece of lead, some buttons from the last bicycle show, a stump of a lead pencil and a bit of red chalk."

And the detective wrote in his memorandum book, "No distinguishing marks."—Chicago Tribune.

THE CHELSEA STANDARD

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the basement of the TurnBull & Wilkinson block, Chelsea, Mich.

BY O. T. HOOVER.

Terms:—$1.00 per year; 6 months, 50 cents; 3 months, 25 cents.

Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

Entered at the postoffice at Chelsea, Mich., as second class matter.

Personal Mention

D. B. Taylor was a Jackson visitor Wednesday.

C. J. Chandler of Detroit is spending this week here.

Charles Sorter of Adrian visited friends here this week.

Ed. Bohn of Grass Lake was a Chelsea visitor Monday.

Wm. Yocum of Manchester spent part of this week here.

Dr. H. H. Avery spent Sunday with his parents at Howell.

Miss Eva Taylor spent Friday and Saturday in Ypsilanti.

Mrs. A. Neckel of Ypsilanti visited her parents over Sunday.

Miss Nellie Bacon of Ypsilanti spent Sunday with her parents.

Miss Tillie Girbach spent several days of last week at Ann Arbor.

Mrs. Ed Clark of Ypsilanti visited Milo Hunter and family, this week.

Mrs. Ella Denny of Iron River, Wis., is the guest of Mrs. F. H. Paine.

Mrs. R. P. Glenn of Marion spent several days of last week at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Foran of Detroit visited relatives here this week.

George and Jennie Woods of Ann Arbor spent Saturday at this place.

Mrs. Abbie Eastman of Jackson is the guest of her father, Henry Speer.

Mrs. A. R. Congdon of Dexter spent the first of the week at this place.

Alva J. Steger of Detroit has been the guest of his parents for a few days.

Mrs. J. Geo. Webster is visiting her brother at Battle Creek this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Walker of Scio spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Wurster.

Mrs. E. L. Freeman of Leslie spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Twamley.

Mrs. Cora Backus of Ypsilanti spent a few days of the last week with Mrs. W. Schenk.

Mrs. J. F. Venne and daughter of Manchester have been visiting relatives here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Ewing of Los Angeles, California, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Enos Sears this week.

Mr. George Kirkland and granddaughter, Miss Jennie Ward, of Iosco were the guests of Mrs. J. C. Taylor last week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Francisco of Leroy, and Mrs. Ada Chadwick and daughter, Nina of Stockbridge are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Rush Green this week.

Suburban Rumors

SYLVAN.

School opened Monday morning with S. P. Foster as teacher.

R. J. Beckwith of Chelsea was a Sylvan visitor Sunday.

Geo. Young of Jackson is spending this week with Sylvan friends.

Mrs. Tom. Jackson of Chelsea is the guest of her cousin, Hugh McNally.

John Knoll, Mrs. Percy St. Clair and Miss Laura Knoll spent Sunday at Dexter.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Young and children of Williamston spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Kern.

SHARON.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles McMahon visited in town over Sunday.

The W. H. M. S. meet at the home of Mrs. James Raymond yesterday.

The pupils of district No. 9 will give a social at Henry O'Neil's next Friday evening.

The Epworth League will hold a business meeting next Saturday evening at A. Holden's.

Ed. Uphaus who has been home on sixty day furlough returned to his army duties last Friday.

There was no preaching at the north Sharon school house last Sunday on account of the absence of Rev. Bradley.

UNADILLA.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Watson spent Sunday here.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Watson, Thursday, November 10, a six pound boy.

Chas. Allyn took a load of hogs to Ann Arbor Tuesday.

M. Anderson and sister of Fowlerville visited their mother and brother here last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Shepard of Williamston spent the first of the week at Chas. Hadley's.

FRANCISCO.

Miss Lena Kruse is visiting relatives in Allegan county.

Miss Dorrit Hoppe began her school in district No. 2, Monday.

Miss Martha Riemenschneider is visiting friends in Barry county.

Frank Kruse has returned to Ypsilanti after having cast his vote in Sylvan.

Rev. Paul Wuerful and August Hoppe have returned from the Epworth League convention held at Grand Rapids.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the German M. E. church will give an oyster supper at the residence of Mrs. Caroline Notten on Thursday evening, November 24. All are cordially invited to attend.

LYNDON.

Orville Gorton is spending some time at Eden.

Quite a few attended the party at Mr. and Mrs. D. Berry's Friday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Delancey Cooper were the guests of White Oak friends Sunday.

Elder Dunbar and wife from Mount Hope visited friends in this vicinity Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Allan Skidmore have been visiting friends and relatives in Charlotte.

Misses Mamie and Frances McLutee spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in Chelsea.

Misses Effie and Sarah Gorton who have been on the sick list the past few weeks, are slowly recovering.

An oyster supper is to be given at the Baptist church here, Friday evening, November 25. An excellent time is guaranteed to all who will be present.

Mr. and Mrs. Spencer Boyce have just returned from Owosso where they have been visiting relatives and friends. While there they attended the Baptist state convention.

A large number of friends unceremoniously walked in upon Fred Bowdish and sister, Jennie to their great surprise Friday evening. All present reported a most pleasant time.

Mrs. W. D. Chadwick and daughter, Nina of Stockbridge, and Mrs. Chadwick's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Francisco of Osceola county spent Saturday and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Orville Gorton and family.

It very seldom happens that a young lady is pleased to get the mitten, but as there are exceptions to all cases so there are to this. A certain young lady lost the mitten Saturday, and was most highly pleased upon getting the mitten Monday night.

UNIVERSITY NOTES.

Next week there will appear a complete list of the students from Chelsea and vicinity giving their address, class, and department.

More men were taken into the University Y. M. C. A. at their last business meeting than has ever been taken into a college christian organization before at one time. 125 names were voted upon.

A freak appeared on the campus last week in the way of a contortionist who could throw every joint of his body out of place. He was exhibited before the various classes of the medical department.

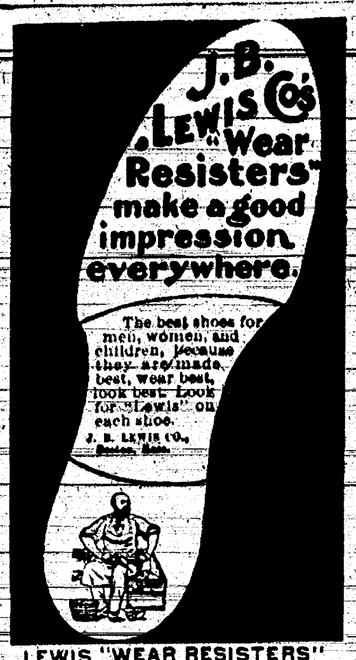
The "Evening in Electricty" to be given by Prof. Carhart at the Y. M. C. A. fair is attracting considerable comment. He will attempt to suspend copper and aluminum rings in mid air by electric repulsion.

General Gordon lectures in the S. L. A. course Saturday, November 19, in the M. E. church. The delay in securing steel for the new dome on University hall is occasioning great inconvenience as no meetings can be held in the hall until it is completed.

For some time it was feared that the attendance at the University would be greatly decreased this year on account of the war, as many of the students are not yet mustered out, but the 3,000 mark has been passed already and before the year closes it will reach the highest point attained last year.

The appearance of President Angell on the campus again is a source of satisfaction to all. Many are attending his lecture course on International Law, as he is recognized as one of the highest authorities in America on the subject and his recent work in Turkey as United States minister makes the subject doubly interesting.

The Illinois-Michigan foot ball game in Detroit last Saturday which was won by Michigan narrows the championship race down to Chicago University and Michigan. As these two teams meet in Chicago Thanksgiving day the game promises to be one of the most interesting in the history of western foot ball. The University team is playing in excellent form and it is strongly hoped that the championship may come to Michigan. Success will add much to the prestige of the school and the gentlemanly game played by the varsity men augurs well for the moral atmosphere of the college.



LEWIS "WEAR RESISTERS"

FOR SALE BY

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, the 26th day of Oct. in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety eight.

Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of George Loeffler deceased.

On reading and filing the petition duly verified, of Alma Loeffler praying that the administration of said estate may be granted to herself or some other suitable person.

Thereupon, it is ordered, that Saturday, the 19th day of Nov. next at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Standard a newspaper printed and circulated in said county three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate.

A true copy.

E. J. Lehman Probate Register. 40

Chancery Sale.

In pursuance and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, in chancery, made and entered the 6th day of September, 1898, in a certain cause therein pending wherein Marvette Snow is complainant and Em. H. Snow, Emma Snow, Thomas S. Sears and James Allyn are defendants.

Notice is hereby given that I will sell at public auction at the east front door of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County (that being the building in which the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw is held) on Wednesday, the 7th day of November, 1898, at two o'clock in the forenoon of said day, the following described real estate: Five acres off the west side of the south half of the south west quarter of the north west quarter, also the south west quarter of the north west quarter of section twenty, also commencing at a stake situated ninty five links north of the quarter post between sections two and three, thence south eighty six and three quarters (86¾) degrees west seventeen (17) chains, thence north one half (½) degree west seventeen (17) chains sixty five (65) links, thence north eighty six and three quarters (86¾) degrees east seventeen (17) chains to section line, thence south one half (½) degree east along the center of the of the highway to the place of beginning on section three, all in the Township of Sylvan, County of Washtenaw and State of Michigan. Also, in a separate parcel, the north east quarter of the north west quarter of the south east quarter of said section two in said Township of Sylvan.

Dated, Ann Arbor, Mich., Oct. 7th, 1898.

O. Edgar Butterfield,
Circuit Court Commissioner.

D. B. Taylor, Solicitor for Complainant. 40

BUY AT THE

New Furniture Store.

Bargains in

Fancy Rockers, Ladies' Sewing Chairs, Elegant Couches, Divans, Fine Oak Suits, Morris Chairs, a line of goods that you cannot find outside of the larger cities. Everything in our stock is

BRAN, SPANKING NEW

And Strictly Up to Date.

We cordially invite you to call, and will be pleased to show you goods whether you wish to purchase or not. You cannot miss the place. Look for the bent glass front in the new Staffan Block.

Yours for bargains in up to date goods,

STAFFAN FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING CO.

NEW TRIMMED HATS.

You will feel richer when you see our new

HATS, BONNETS, FEATHERS, RIBBONS, VELVETS,

Novelties and Trimmings.

Call and examine every article we have. They will bear the closest inspection.

MILLER SISTERS.

ENTERPRISING DRUGGISTS

There are few men more wide awake and enterprising than Glazier & Stimson who spare no pains to secure the best of everything in their line for their many customers. They now have the valuable agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds. This is the wonderful remedy that is producing such a furor all over the country by its many startling cures. It absolutely cures asthma, bronchitis, hoarseness and all affections of the throat, chest and lungs. Call at above drug store and get a trial bottle free or a regular size for 50 cents and $1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded.

Real Estate for Sale.

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw—ss. In the matter of the estate of Augusta Wedemeyer deceased.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned Fred Wedemeyer administrator of the estate of said deceased by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Washtenaw, on the eighth day April, A. D. 1898, there will be sold at Public Vendue, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the dwelling house situated on the south east quarter of the south east quarter of section thirty (30) in the Township of Lima in the County of Washtenaw in said State, on Wednesday the thirtieth day of November A. D. 1898, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the death of the said Augusta Wedemeyer deceased), the following described Real Estate, to-wit: Situtated in the township of Lima, county of Washtenaw, state of Michigan, known and described as follows, viz: The south east quarter of the south east quarter of section thirty (30). Also the north east quarter of section thirty-one (31) excepting twenty five acres in the south east corner thereof, and also excepting four and one half acres situated in the south west corner thereof. Containing in both said descriptions of land one hundred and seventy acres of land be the same more or less.

Dated, October 12th, 1898.

Fred Wedemeyer,
Administrator of said Estate.

Chancery Order.

State of Michigan: The Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw. In Chancery.

Eugene May, Complainant,
vs
Rose Ena May, Defendant.

At a session of said Court, held in the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor, October 17, 1898.

Present, Hon. E. D. Kinne, Circuit Judge.

It satisfactorily appearing, to this Court by affidavit on file that the defendant, Rose Ena May, is a non resident of this State, but resides at the City of Birmingham, in the State of Alabama; On motion of G. W. TurnBull, complainants solicitor, it is ordered that the said defendant Rose Ena May cause her appearance to be entered herein within four months from the date of this order, and in case of her appearance that she cause her answer to the complainants bill of complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on said complainants solicitor, within twenty days after service on her of a copy of said bill and notice of this order, and that in default thereof said bill be taken as confessed by the said non resident defendant. And it is further ordered that within twenty days after the date hereof, the said complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in The Chelsea Standard, a newspaper printed, published and circulated in said County, and that such publication be continued therein at least once in each week for six week in succession, or that he cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said non resident defendant, at least twenty days before the above time described for her appearance.

E. D. Kinne, Circuit Judge.

(A true copy.) Philip Blum, Jr., Register.

G. W. TurnBull, Complainants Solicitor.

Business address Chelsea, Mich. 42

YOUR CHOICE

Of 120 Pieces of

GLASSWARE

Consisting of Berry Dishes, Vases, Pitchers, Butter Dishes, etc., etc., for only

10c AT THE

BANK DRUG STORE

(See our north window)

You can depend upon getting the

Highest Market Price for Eggs

at the Bank Drug Store.

You will find it to your advantage to buy your groceries at our low prices.

Meat Crocks and Rock salt at the lowest prices.

It will pay you to buy your sugar at the Bank Drug Store every month in the year.

Notice Our Prices on all Kinds of Lamps.

GLAZIER & STIMSON.

CHELSEA ROLLER MILLS.

We have leased the Chelsea Roller Mills for a term of five years and have given the machinery a thorough overhauling and have put everything in first-class shape, and hope by strict attention to business to gain the hearty support of the people of this vicinity. We are prepared to do

CUSTOM GRINDING

on the shortest possible notice. Also, we are in shape to do your

FEED GRINDING

while you wait. We shall make a specialty of

BUCKWHEAT GRINDING.

Flour and Feed always on hand.

Give us a Call.

BLANCHARD & McGEE.

PHOTOGRAPHS

Have your photographs made for

Christmas Presents.

Now is the time to make your Sittings. Don't wait until the last moment. We can't give you good work in a hurry, and give you a first class job.

E. E. SHAVER,

PHOTOGRAPHER.

Local Brevities

B. H. Glenn has rented the Wilkinson farm.

Miss Lillie Giebach is now employed at T. Freeman's table supply store.

And now the professors at Ann Arbor are wondering why they voted as they did.

There were 220 men and eleven officers from Washtenaw county in the Spanish war.

A number of young people from this place attended a masquarade at Dexter Friday night.

Services will be held at the Lutheran church November 24 at 2 p. m. and the following Sunday at 10 a. m.

There are over 4,000 deer hunters in the Upper Peninsula. They came from all parts of the United States.

Archie Clark and Aaron Buss were graduated from the Cleary Business college at Ypsilanti last week.

Ann Arbor has a new paper—The Daily Argus—published by the Democrat Publishing Co. We wish the venture success.

Hugh McNally wishes to extend his thanks to the friends and neighbors who so kindly assisted him in his late bereavement.

Amy E. Sharp wants a divorce from James Sharp whom she married two years ago and whom she now charges with cruelty.

By waiting until after election before issuing his Thanksgiving proclamation, Gov. Pingree found out that he had something to be thankful for.

A regular meeting of Olive Chapter No. 108 O. E. S. will be held November 23. A good attendance is desired as important business is to be transacted.

The marriage of Wm. D. Morris, of Scio, and Edith B. Staebler, of Chelsea, took place in Ann Arbor Wednesday, November 9, Justice Duffy officiating.

Married, on Tuesday, November 15, 1898, at St. Mary's church, Miss Mary Lammers to Mr. Edward Doll, Rev. W. P. Considine performing the ceremony.

Seymour Kendall sent to The Standard office this week a quince sprout twenty inches in length that had fourteen good-sized quinces on. This breaks the record.

Ed. Hindelang, who has been ill for several days with appendicitis, passed away about noon today aged 38 years. He leaves a wife and three children to mourn his loss.

It is confidently expected that Charlie Ward will be the leader of the Democrats in the state senate. The only trouble is he won't have much of a flock to lead.—Evening Times.

The various committees of the Y. P. S. C. E. are hard at work and are meeting with encouragement in arranging for the Fair to be held in the Opera House December 9 and 10.

There was a notable falling off last week of the assertions in the political papers of what their candidates were going to do. The space was filled with the reasons why they didn't do it.

Why Smith left home is a new and popular play that will appear at the opera house soon.—Register. He left home because he was told to go to Washington by the voters in his district.

Fred. Wedemeyer, administrator of the estate of Augusta Wedemeyer, will hold an auction on Wednesday, November 30, on the premises now occupied by Theodore Wedemeyer in the township of Lima.

The ladies of the M. E. society have arranged a very pleasing menu for the dinner they are to give in the church Thanksgiving Day, and would be pleased to have you take your dinner that day with them.

On account of next Thursday being Thanksgiving Day, and in order to give The Standard force a chance to be thankful, the next issue of this paper will be printed on Wednesday. Correspondents and advertisers will please make a note of this and get their copy in early.

We thought that when election was over The Ypsilanti Sentinel would get over its indisposition, caused by an injection of the democratic state central committee, but it seems to have become chronic, and some of the things in its last issue would have been better unsaid.

While in the city this week, Rev. Dr. Riley of Adrian, conversing on the subject of the Irish fund raised in America some years ago, said: "A Chicago paper accused me of running away with the fund. Well, the charge was true. I did run away with the Irish fund. I run to Ireland. Was not that right?"—Jackson Sunday Herald.

Arch Miles of Dexter knows how a fish feels when speared. He went spearing one night last week and trying to maintain his equilibrium ran against the other fellow's spear in such a manner as to run it into his leg for a couple of inches.

The Evening Times of Ann Arbor says that Sheriff Billy Judson has won $1,250 as a result of the recent election. His greatest bet was for $1,000 with a Grand Rapids man who believed that Pingree would have 50,000 less majority than two years ago.

The Northwestern Washtenaw Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance company is doing business with a rush, and the way that applications are coming in keeps the secretary busy a good share of the time. Here's hoping that it will be a long time before an assessment will have to be called.

Peter McGraw had a narrow escape from death Tuesday afternoon. He was attempting to climb on a load of hay when the ladder broke, letting him fall under the horses. They run away and when Pete was picked up and an examination made it was found that his head was badly cut, a rib or two broken and numerous other bruises. He is able to get about with a pair of crutches.

The Congregationalists of this place decided unanimously last Sunday to extend a call to Rev. Carl S. Jones to act as their pastor. Mr. Jones is a young man of excellent qualifications, and on the several occasions that he has preached in this place has made a profound impression upon his hearers. He comes highly recommended by his Pinckney congregation, all of whom are reluctant to part with him.

In setting apart Thursday, November 24th, as Thanksgiving Day, President McKinley says: "Few years in our history have afforded such cause for thanksgiving as this. We have been blessed by our abundant harvests, our trade and commerce have wonderfully increased, our public credit has been improved and strengthened, all sections of our common country have been brought together and knitted into closer bonds of national purpose and unity."

A. W. Wilkinson tells the greatest story of the year and has been awarded the badge and other paraphanalia that goes with the degree of P. G. M. of L. He says that when he moved to town some time ago he found a hen in his barn that had laid thirteen eggs and was setting on them. There was nothing in the building for the hen to eat except some sawdust, and when the chickens were hatched twelve of them were found to have wooden legs and the other one was a woodpecker.

The Ann Arbor Courier in its last issue attributed one of the causes of the republican defeat in Washtenaw county to the stay-at-home vote in Sylvan. The Courier should polish up its glasses a little and look again. The republican gain in Sylvan, over two years ago, was over 100 votes and if the rest of the county had made a proportionate gain, the republicans would have carried the county by over 2,000. If the Courier expects to stand in with the Sylvan republicans it should apologize to them.

The city clerk is going to hold a school of instruction to election boards prior to the next election. The Fourth ward vote was counted and returns filed in the city clerk's office by 8:45 o'clock Tuesday night. The Third ward came in at 1:30 Wednesday morning and the First ward an hour later.—Evening Times. Sylvan which polled the largest number of votes of any precinct in the county, 620, which is 200 more than was polled in Ann Arbor's fourth ward, had finished counting at 8:30 o'clock Tuesday night.

The Chelsea Standard says that Canfield's suit against Allmendinger is the third damage suit resulting from the anti-Judson fight. This is only the second so far as The Register is aware. We would like to know what the other is.—Ann Arbor Register. May be The Standard has given The Register credit for doing more damage than it really had, but its recollection is that there have been three damage cases instituted, all of which are directly traceable to the outcome of the republican love feast at Ann Arbor last February.

December Jurors.

The following are the jurors drawn for the December term of the circuit court, which commences December 6:

Fred Jeddle, Scio.
Joseph Mayer, Sharon.
Charles Thurman, Superior.
Michael Staffan, Sylvan.
William Steptoe, Webster.
J. B. Lashler, York.
George J. Slayton, Ypsilanti town.
Edward W. Thorn, Ypsilanti city, 1st district.
Albert Smith, Ypsilanti city, 2nd district.
George Fetner, Ann Arbor, first ward.
Adam Wahl, Ann Arbor, second ward.
Wm. Neithammer, Ann Arbor third ward.
Oscar Jackson, Ann Arbor, fourth ward.
Geo. W. Weeks, Ann Arbor, fifth ward.
Hudson T. Morton, Ann Arbor, sixth ward.
Alonzo Berry, Ann Arbor, seventh ward.
George J. Steeb, Ann Arbor town.
Arthur Vedder, Augusta.
Albert Wolf, Bridgewater.
Emerson Howard, Dexter.
Christian Grau, Freedom.
John Pratt, sr., Lima.
Austin Marken, Lodi.
Arthur May, Lyndon.
Alfred Tuthill, Manchester.
August Ludwig, Northfield.
Erastus D. Thomas, Pittsfield.
Wm. B. Lane, Salem.
William Dreadinger, Saline.
Alfred Davis, Scio.

One Top Buggy for sale cheap.—J. J. Raftrey.

Your choice of 120 pieces of glassware for 10c at the Bank Drug Store.

Have your Jackets made and remodled by Raftrey the Maker of Gentlemen's Clothes.

All prescriptions and receipts filled at the Bank Drug Store from pure drugs at the lowest prices.

Every thing in the line of first class jewelry at the Bank Drug Store.

Low prices on silver-plated knive, forks, spoons, etc., at the Bank Drug Store.

THANKSGIVING DAY

is again near, and to thank from the bottom of your heart your physical wants must be satisfied. We are PREPARED TO SATISFY that want and do it to your entire satisfaction. We will supply

Oysters Direct From Baltimore

In original package. Nice big plump ones, solid meats, at 30c quart.
Baltimore Standards 23c a can.
Baltimore Selects 28c a can.
Best Crackers in Chelsea. Try 'em.

Cape Cod Cranberries, fancy, 10c a quart

Home grown Cranberries, fancy, 6c a quart.
Fresh dressed, corn fed Chickens, 10c a pound.
Fresh, crisp Celery, Cabbage and Lettuce, fine yellow Ruta Bagas grown in sand, just right.
Choice Hubbard Squash, Sweet Potatoes, etc.
New Mixed Nuts, very fine.
Nut Meats, all kinds, just the thing for Cakes and Candies.
Fresh Salted Peanuts.
Spanish Shelled Peanuts 10c a pound.

Oranges, Bananas, Grapes, Apples, Pears.

Malaga Grapes very fancy, bunches 20c a pound; loose 13c a pound.

Fancy Cream Bon Bons, 15c a pound.
Fancy Cream Chocolates 15c a pound.
Large, ripe, tender figs 25c a pound.
California Figs 18c a pound.
The most complete line of Raisins, Currants, Prunes, Dates, Orange, Lemon, and Citron. Elegant goods at low prices.

YOU SURELY DESIRE A GOOD CUP OF COFFEE

and a cup of our famous JAMORI, Mocha and Java will greatly add to the completeness of your Thanksgiving dinner.

We have half pound and pound boxes of elegant Chocolate Bon Bons.
Fresh cut Carnations, beauties, 40c a dozen.
Glace Fruits and Nut Meats, the very finest.
Flour, all grades, at guaranteed prices. Your Thanksgiving baking will be a success if you use good flour such as Blanchard & McGee's Best or Roller King. We have them. Let us have your order for a sack.

No matter what you may want, fresh meat excepted, if you want the best the market affords, fresh, clean and at reasonable prices

FREEMAN'S

is the place to trade.

CLOSING-OUT SALE

Come and look over our stock. You will find goods that you want and the prices will suit the most careful buyer.

In clothing we have suits from $3.50 to $5.50. Less than 50c on the dollar of the cost price

Odd pants worth from $3 to $6. We sell them at $1.50 to $3.00.

Boys' overcoats at your own price. Some as low as $1.50. Your choice for $5.00.

Hats, caps, collars, cuffs and ties cheaper than they can possibly be bought elsewhere. Gent's linen handkerchiefs 20 inches square, four for 25c, worth 15c each.

We will sell you a good suit of gent's underwear for 60c Ladies' underwear 50c a suit.

Dress goods, canvas cambric, silicia, stays, hooks and eyes at prices to suit.

We are anxious to close out this stock as soon as possible and will make very low prices on all goods in stock.

Trim, McGregor & Harper.

A GOOD WATCH

is a faithful servant, but a bad one is worse than none at all. If there is anything worse than a watch that gains, it is a watch that loses time. If a watch guesses at the time you might as well do the guessing yourself. The Watches that we sell are the BEST. We also carry a full line of

CLOCKS, JEWELRY,

at prices that defy competition.

We do the very finest Watch Repairing.

L. & A. E. WINANS.

DOLLARS SAVED

If it's the best you are looking for you will find it here. If you want more for your money than you have been getting you'll find it here.

LADIES' JACKETS

We never sold so many. Everybody who sees them buys. Can't help it. The assortment is so large and complete. You'll know the goods are new when you see them. You'll know that every garment is a bargain at the price we ask when you compare. We are selling ladies' new jackets, made from good, strong black boucle material at $4.25.

Ladies' plain beaver jackets at $4.75.

Ladies' all-wool beaver jackets, black and blue at $6.00.

Ladies' all wool kersey jackets, open stitched seams, a very handsome garment, at $7. It's a $10 jacket anywhere else.

Ladies' all-wool boucle jackets in black, Kersey jackets, covert cloth jackets, in black, blue, tan and brown at $7.50, $8, $8.50, $9, and $10. Nearly all of them silk lined throughout.

Misses and Children's Jackets

You don't need but a little money here to get a handsome garment that will do good service. Every one of them new this season and a lot of them to select from at $2, $2.50, $2.90, $3.25, $3.75 and $4.

Ladies' Capes.

All Styles and at prices that you can afford to pay. Come and inspect these goods.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

WE STILL LEAD

In giving you the best values for your money. Ostrich Feathers from 15c up to $3.00.

Felt Hats from 50c to $1.00.

Satisfaction guaranteed both in price and work.

Misses CONATY & DERCK.

FARRELL'S PURE FOOD STORE

We have NICE FRESH SAGE in stock.

SEE OUR FINE LINE OF

Rubber Boots, Rubber Shoes, Felt Boots,

Mackinac Stocking and Gloves and Mittens, at prices that defy all competition.

WE ARE NEVER UNDERSOLD.

JOHN FARRELL.

A GOOD STEAK

Choice Roasts, Lard and everything good to eat in the Meat line—tender and cut right. If that is what you want, drop in and order it at

ADAM EPPLER'S Meat Market.

ALL STYLES AND SIZES FOR EVERY KIND OF FUEL — THE GENUINE ALL BEAR THIS TRADE-MARK Beware of Imitations

GARLAND STOVES AND RANGES The World's Best

Stoves! Stoves!

Large assortment of the "World's Best" Garland Steel Ranges, Cook, Coal and Wood Heating Stoves, also the genuine

ROUND OAK.

Prices low. Several second hand heating stoves at prices to close out.

W. J. KNAPP.

BATTLE OF BALLOTS

Results of Election Throughout the Nation.

CONGRESS VERY CLOSE

Official Count May Be Necessary in Many Districts.

Republicans Claim Safe Majorities in Both Houses—Democrats Gain a Number of Seats in the Lower Branch—Roosevelt Is Chosen Governor of New York—Pingree Is Re-elected in Michigan—Scofield Wins in Wisconsin.

All the States of the Union, exclusive of Maine, Oregon and Vermont, and the territories of New Mexico, Oklahoma and Arizona, held elections Tuesday. The following States elected Governors: California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Massachusetts, New York, New Hampshire, New Jersey, Nebraska, Nevada, North Dakota, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, North Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Wisconsin and Wyoming.

Delaware, Florida, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Missouri, Montana, North Carolina, Ohio and Utah elected minor State officers.

Connecticut, California, Idaho, Illinois, Iowa, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Massachusetts, New York, New Hampshire, New Jersey, North Carolina, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, Pennsylvania, South Dakota,

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.
Elected Governor of New York.

Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Washington, Wisconsin, Wyoming and West Virginia elected State Legislatures.

All the States except Maine, Oregon and Vermont elected Congressmen. Outside the Gubernatorial election in New York, interest, from a national standpoint, centered in the Congressional elections.

Incomplete returns up to midnight Wednesday indicated that the Republicans had retained control of the national House of Representatives by a greatly reduced although probably safe majority. The election of Republican Legislatures in several States classed as doubtful insures a Republican majority in the United States Senate after March 4, 1899.

Roosevelt's majority over Van Wyck for Governor of New York is about 20,000. Van Wyck carried Greater New York by nearly 85,000, which was overcome by Roosevelt's majority north of the Harlem river of about 105,000.

Stone becomes Governor of Pennsylvania by a plurality of nearly 125,000. Gov. Pingree, with the aid of the fusionists, carried Michigan by about 80,000. Lind, fusionist, is probably elected Governor of Minnesota. Scofield ran considerably behind his ticket, but is elected Governor of Wisconsin by a safe majority. The Democratic managers concede the election of the Republican ticket in Indiana by about 12,000.

Party Pluralities by States.

	Rep.	Dem.
Alabama	...	45,000
Arkansas	...	50,000
California	20,000	...
Colorado	...	30,000
Connecticut	15,000	...
Delaware	2,000	...
Florida	...	15,000
Georgia	...	25,000
Idaho	5,000	...
Illinois	32,984	...
Indiana	15,000	...
Iowa	60,675	...
Kansas	6,000	...
Kentucky	...	Small.
Louisiana	...	40,000
Maine	22,000	...
Maryland	In doubt.	
Massachusetts	70,000	...
Michigan	80,000	...
Minnesota	30,000	...
Mississippi	...	40,000
Missouri	...	35,000
Montana	...	Small.
Nebraska	5,000	...
Nevada	Small.	...
New Hampshire	10,000	...
New Jersey	12,000	...
New York	18,000	...
North Carolina	...	30,000
North Dakota	5,000	...
Ohio	55,000	...
Oregon	20,000	...
Pennsylvania	125,000	...
Rhode Island	15,000	...
South Carolina	...	35,000
South Dakota	3,500	...
Tennessee	...	20,000
Texas	...	120,000
Utah	...	Small.
Vermont	35,000	...
Virginia	...	15,000
Washington	3,000	...
West Virginia	Small.	...
Wisconsin	30,000	...
Wyoming	4,500	...

Also in a few previous to Tuesday.

PRESIDENT CASTS HIS VOTE.

Traveled from Washington to Canton to Discharge the Duty.

President McKinley and party arrived in Canton at 9:25 Tuesday morning, and was at once driven to the Barber residence. The President then walked to the polling place, dismissing the carriage. There was a crowd to greet him all the way, but there was no formal demonstration. The President started back to Washington the same afternoon.

SENATE AND HOUSE.

Estimated Make-Up of the Two National Legislative Bodies.

The following table shows the composition of the next House of Representatives as indicated by the returns up to midnight Wednesday:

States.	No. Congressmen.	Rep.	Dem.	Pop.
Alabama	9	...	9	...
Arkansas	6	...	6	...
California	7	6	1	...
Colorado	2	...	2	...
Connecticut	4	4	...	...
Delaware	1	1	...	...
Florida	2	...	2	...
Georgia	11	...	11	...
Idaho	1	...	...	1
Illinois	22	15	7	...
Indiana	13	9	4	...
Iowa	11	11	...	...
Kansas	8	6	1	1
Kentucky	11	1	10	...
Louisiana	6	...	6	...
Maine	4	4	...	...
Maryland	6	4	2	...
Massachusetts	13	10	3	...
Michigan	12	12	...	...
Minnesota	7	7	...	...
Mississippi	7	...	7	...
Missouri	15	3	12	...
Montana	1	1	...	...
Nebraska	6	2	...	4
Nevada	1	...	...	1
New Hampshire	2	2	...	...
New Jersey	8	6	2	...
New York	34	16	18	...
North Carolina	9	...	8	1
North Dakota	1	1	...	...
Ohio	21	15	6	...
Oregon	2	2	...	...
Pennsylvania	30	20	10	...
Rhode Island	2	2	...	...
South Carolina	7	...	7	...
South Dakota	2	2	...	...
Tennessee	10	2	8	...
Texas	13	1	12	...
Utah	1	...	1	...
Vermont	2	2	...	...
Virginia	10	...	10	...
Washington	2	2	...	...
West Virginia	4	3	1	...
Wisconsin	10	10	...	...
Wyoming	1	1	...	...
Totals	357	183	166	8

The States which chose Legislatures Tuesday apparently will choose United States Senators as follows:

California	Republican.
Connecticut	Republican.
Delaware	Republican.
Florida	Democrat.
Indiana	Republican.
Massachusetts	Republican.
Michigan	Republican.
Minnesota	Republican.
Missouri	Democrat.
Montana	Democrat.
Nebraska	Republican.
Nevada	Populist.
New Jersey	Republican.
New York	Republican.
North Dakota	Republican.
Pennsylvania	Republican.
Tennessee	Democrat.
Texas	Democrat.
Utah	Democrat.
Washington	Democrat.
West Virginia	Republican.
Wisconsin	Republican.
Wyoming	Republican.

In the Senate the members will stand thus:

Republicans	53
Democrats	28
Populists and silver men	8
Independent	1

Republican majority, 16.

TEN SLAIN AT THE POLLS.

Election Riot at Phoenix, S. C., Leads to Wholesale Murder.

Ten negroes are dead as a result of the election riots at Phoenix, S. C. The negroes threaten to make a desperate fight to avenge the death of their fellows.

The trouble at Phoenix began with an effort to prevent several negroes from voting. J. R. Tolbert, Federal collector at Charleston, whose home is at Phoenix, entered into the discussion and declared the men must not be disfranchised. He directed the negroes to deposit their ballots in a separate box. This action angered Bose Ethridge, an authorized poll manager, and he vigorously objected. Blows were struck and then some one in a group of negroes shot and killed Ethridge.

The shooting was returned and five negroes were wounded, among them Thomas Tolbert, son of the collector. The negroes took to their heels, but eleven of the crowd were captured. The prisoners were taken to Rehoboth, where a crowd of angry

HAZEN S. PINGREE.
Re-elected Governor of Michigan.

whites shot and killed many of the prisoners. A number of conservative whites tried to save the negroes, but were swept aside.

Ballot Machines Again Used.

For the second time in the history of Rochester, N. Y., ballot machines were used. On the previous occasion much trouble was experienced in operating the machines, but this time there was no trouble whatever. It required just half a minute to vote a split ticket on the machines and but a couple of seconds to vote a straight ticket. The polls were closed at 5 o'clock, and a half hour later the result of the vote in the entire city was known in the newspaper offices.

Mr. Cleveland Votes Early.

Ex-President Grover Cleveland was one of the first men who visited the polls at Princeton, N. J., and cast his vote before most Princetonians had breakfast. Promptly at 8 o'clock, arm in arm with Bayard Stockton, Democratic candidate for State Senator, he walked into the voting booth and asked for a ballot.

Benjamin Harrison Votes.

Ex-President Harrison, who lives in the Second Ward at Indianapolis, arrived at the voting precinct at 10 o'clock and took his place in the line of voters waiting to be admitted to the booths, there being but three at each precinct and each voter taking his turn to enter. The former President was in the booth only a few moments.

John Anderson, colored, was lynched by a mob at Lafayette, Ala., for the murder of Charles Holmes. It has since been learned that Anderson was innocent.

New York.

Col. Roosevelt, Republican, is elected Governor of New York by about 20,000 plurality. The Democrats carried eleven counties as against only one two years ago, and Greater New York gave Van Wyck 85,000 majority. As compared with the election of 1896 when Black defeated Porter, this shows a Republican loss of from 100,000 to 105,000. Roosevelt came to the Harlem river with 105,000 plurality, and Van Wyck had but 85,000 in Greater New York with which to meet it. The vote outside the city shows that Roosevelt lost 61,000 as compared with Black. In the city his vote was 61,000 smaller than Black's. In the country districts Van Wyck ran about 20,000 and in the city about 54,000 ahead of Porter.

Michigan.

The next congressional delegation from Michigan will be Republican. Congressmen Todd and Brucker, Democrats, being succeeded by Washington Gardner and J. W. Fordney. Gov. Pingree has been re-elected by a plurality of 70,000. The vote throughout the State was light, and although the Governor was badly cut at many points, his Democratic friends rallied to his support with more than enough votes to offset the Republican defection. Of the thirty-two State Senators the Democrats elected five and possibly six. In the House they will have five votes, while eight others are in doubt. The Republicans will have a majority of eighty-seven and a majority on joint ballot of 104.

Iowa.

Iowa votes elected the Republican candidates in the eleven congressional districts of the State, the safe ones by sweeping and almost unlooked-for majorities, and the few who had contests on their hands by increased pluralities, except in one district. Major John F. Lacey, member of Congress, defeated Gen. James B. Weaver by a plurality of 1,234, a gain of 33 over his plurality in 1896. The Sixth district was the central battle ground during the campaign. The Republican State ticket will have about 60,000 majority. The falling off in the vote is about 15 to 18 per cent as compared with 1896. Full results suffered from this cause.

Minnesota.

John Lind, silver Republican, with Democratic and gold Populist indorsement, who, a few years ago, as a Republican represented a Minnesota district in the national Congress, has a large plurality in the State over Eustis, Rep. The rest of the Republican ticket has been chosen. All seven Republican Congressmen have been elected. The Legislature will be Republican, but not by so great a majority as at first thought. Seventy-seven Republicans are known to have been elected.

Indiana.

Nearly complete returns from about eighty counties of the ninety-two in Indiana emphasize the Republican victory and indicate that the majority on the State ticket will be in the neighborhood of 15,000, that the Republicans have carried eight certainly and possibly nine out of the thirteen congressional districts, and have elected a majority in both branches of the General Assembly and will control that body on joint ballot by from twenty to twenty-five votes.

Kentucky.

The latest returns from the Ninth congressional district indicate that Marshall Williams, Democrat, of Owlettsville, has defeated the incumbent, Samuel Pugh, Republican, of Vanceburg, by a majority of about 180. This gives the Democrats ten of the eleven Congressmen from Kentucky, a gain of three Congressmen for the Democrats in the State. The Fifth, Eighth and Ninth are the districts that somersaulted into the Democratic camp.

Ohio.

The election returns received Wednesday bear out the regular Republican gain of 9 per cent. From the rate of gains it is clear that the plurality for Kinney, Rep., for Secretary of State, will be over 55,000. The bitter fight made on personal grounds against J. E. Blackburn, Republican candidate for Food Commissioner, shows in the returns from the country, especially in the butter-making districts of the Western Reserve.

Kansas.

The Republicans made a sweep in Kansas, electing seven of the eight Congressmen. This is a gain of five Republican Congressmen. The Republican State ticket is elected by from 6,000 to 10,000 majority. Before the farmers were heard from, Republicans conceded victory to the fusionists. Leaders of both parties are unable to account for the heavy Republican gains throughout the agricultural districts.

North Dakota.

Late returns from over the State have swelled the Republican majority. Spalding, Republican nominee for Governor, gets the largest vote. Returns show that twenty-one out of thirty-one Senators are Republican, while in the House fifty-four Republicans of sixty-two have been elected. This gives the Republicans fifty-six majority on joint ballot.

Colorado.

The entire fusion State ticket, headed by Charles S. Thomas, Dem., for Governor, is elected by a majority approximating about 50,000. This is by far the largest majority ever given a candidate for Governor in Colorado. The Republicans won in only the eastern part of the State. The fusionists have an overwhelming majority in the Legislature.

Wyoming.

Returns of ten out of thirteen counties of Wyoming give Frank W. Mondell, Republican candidate for Congress, 1,590 majority; DeForrest Richards, Republican, for Governor, 1,200; the rest of the State ticket, 500. The Republicans have fifty out of fifty-seven members of the State Legislature on joint ballot.

Virginia.

Virginia will have a solid Democratic delegation in the next House by majorities sufficiently large to preclude any contests for Democratic seats before the House. The returns so far received give Rhea 1,253, and no material change is expected in these figures.

California.

The Republican State ticket, with the exception of Secretary of State and two Supreme Court Judges, is elected by 10,000 or 15,000. Four Republicans, one fusionist and two Democrats are elected to Congress.

Illinois.

Estimating from incomplete returns, Illinois Democrats have probably elected seventy-three members and Republicans eighty, leaving a Republican House majority of seven. For the Senate the Democrats have elected sixteen members, the Republicans thirty-four and the Populists one, giving a Republican majority of seventeen. The Republicans will probably have a majority of twenty-three or twenty-four on joint ballot. The average plurality for the Republican State ticket is about 30,000. The Democrats elect eight Congressmen out of a delegation of twenty-two.

Pennsylvania.

The complete vote of the State, with four counties missing, gives Stone, Rep., 455,782; Junks, Dem., 337,789; Swallow, Pro. and honest government, 124,437, a plurality for Stone of 122,080, which will be increased to about 125,000 by the complete returns. The total vote in the State will approximate 950,000.

Nebraska.

Returns by counties Wednesday night indicated a sealing off of Republican gains, making the State ticket in doubt and so close that the official count may be required. The Legislature is probably Republican on joint ballot.

Wisconsin.

Wisconsin elects a Republican Governor, by 30,000 plurality, the remainder of the State ticket by about 10,000 more; ten Republican Congressmen, thirty-one out of thirty-three Senators and eighty-one out of 100 Assemblymen.

South Dakota.

Almost complete returns give Phillips, Rep., for Governor, a majority of 1,200. Gamble, Rep., is elected to Congress by 4,000, and Burke, Rep., by 3,500. The Legislature will have a Republican majority.

North Carolina.

The Democrats have elected all nine of their Congressmen, all twelve solicitors, forty-four out of fifty State Senators, ninety-five out of 120 Representatives and the State judicial ticket by 30,000.

Idaho.

The fusion ticket is all elected by pluralities ranging from 3,000 to 5,000. The Legislature will be controlled by the fusionists.

RESULTS IN OTHER STATES.

Story Told in Paragraphs, as Estimated on Early Returns.

Rhode Island re-elects two Republican Congressmen.

Texas went Democratic by a majority of 250,000 in a total of 400,000.

Partial returns from Delaware indicate a complete Republican victory.

Oklahoma elects a Republican Congressman and fusion Legislature.

The Republican State ticket and Republican Congressmen were elected in Connecticut.

Maryland returns indicate the election of four Republicans and two Democrats to Congress.

Montana Democrats won everything in sight, and will have a large majority in the Legislature.

In South Carolina the Democratic State ticket was elected without opposition. The vote was light.

The Democrats swept Alabama, electing nine Congressmen, eight of whom are free silver men.

Florida is solidly Democratic. The Legislature will elect a successor to United States Senator Pasco.

New Jersey elects a Republican Governor and Legislature by about 10,000 plurality. Two of the eight Congressmen are Democrats.

Almost complete returns from Washington indicate the election of two Republican Congressmen and the Republican ticket. Legislature is Republican.

The Democratic State ticket in Tennessee is elected by a majority of 25,000, and eight of the ten Congressmen are Democrats. Legislature shows a heavy Democratic gain.

RETURNS AT WASHINGTON.

Chief Interest Centered in Congressional Districts.

In Washington intense interest was manifested in the election returns. The results of the various State and Congressional district campaigns, to which so much attaches in Washington, attracted thousands to the bulletin boards in front of the newspaper offices. The theaters and clubs received bulletins. The two Congressional headquarters had special wires and long distance telephone service for those who were figuring up the result of the battle for the control of the next House of Representatives.

Many of the cabinet officers and higher officials of the government had gone home to vote, and owing to the absence of the President, who traveled to Ohio to deposit his ballot, there was not the brilliant gathering of political notables at the White House which has assembled there frequently upon similar occasions in the past. But the returns were received at the White House and closely tabulated. The chief interest, of course, centered in the complexion of the next House, Legislation during the coming two years, support of the administration, and many hundreds of offices were involved in the result, and the returns from the close districts were eagerly scrutinized by the Congressional campaign managers of both committees.

Lord Aberdeen, at a banquet in Ottawa, Canada, spoke eloquently in praise of the United States.

CONGRESSMEN-ELECT.

List as Compiled from Returns Up to Thursday Morning.

ALABAMA.
1—Taylor, D. 6—Bankhead, D.
2—Stallings, D. 7—Burnett, D.
3—Clayton, D. 8—Wheeler, D.
4—Robbins, D. 9—Underwood, D.
5—Brewer, D.

COLORADO.
2—Bell, P. 1—Shafroth, S. R.

CONNECTICUT.
1—Henry, R. 3—Russell, R.
2—Sperry, R. 4—Hill, R.

DELAWARE.
At large—J. H. Hoffecker, R.

FLORIDA.
1—Sparkman, D. 2—Davis, D.

IDAHO.
At large—James Gunn, D.-pop.

ILLINOIS.
1—Mann, R. 12—Cannon, R.
2—Lorimer, R. 13—Warner, R.
3—Foster, D. 14—Graff, R.
4—Cusack, D. 15—Marsh, R.
5—Noonan, D. 16—Williams, D.
6—Boutell, R. 17—Caldwell, D.
7—Foss, R. 18—Jett, D.
8—Hopkins, R. 19—Crowley, D.
9—Hitt, R. 20—Williams, D.
10—Prince, R. 21—Rodenberg, R.
11—Reeves, R. 22—Smith, R.

INDIANA.
1—Hemenway, R. 8—Cromer, R.
2—Miers, D. 9—Landis, R.
3—Zenor, D. 10—Crumpacker, R.
4—Griffith, D. 11—Steele, R.
5—Doubtful. 12—Doubtful.
6—Watson, R. 13—Brick, R.
7—Overstreet, R.

IOWA.
1—Hedge, R. 7—Hall, R.
2—Lane, R. 8—Hepburn, R.
3—Henderson, R. 9—McPherson, R.
4—Haugen, R. 10—Dolliver, R.
5—Cousins, R. 11—Thomas, R.
6—Doubtful.

KANSAS.
At large—Bailey, R.
1—Curtis, R. 5—Calderhead, R.
2—Bowersock, R. 6—Reeder, R.
3—Ridgeley, F. 7—Long, R.
4—Miller, R.

KENTUCKY.
1—Wheeler, D. 7—Settle, D.
2—Allen, D. 8—Gilbert, D.
3—Rhea, D. 9—Doubtful.
4—Smith, D. 10—Doubtful.
5—Turner, D. 11—Boering, R.
6—Berry, D.

LOUISIANA.
1—Meyer, D. 4—Brazil, D.
2—Davey, D. 5—Baird, D.
3—Broussard, D. 6—Robertson, D.

MAINE.
1—Reed, R. 3—Burleigh, R.
2—Dingley, R. 4—Boutelle, R.

MASSACHUSETTS.
1—Lawrence, R. 8—McCall, R.
2—Gillett, R. 9—Fitzgerald, D.
3—Thayer, D. 10—Naphen, D.
4—Weymouth, R. 11—Sprague, R.
5—Knox, R. 12—Lovering, R.
6—Moody, R. 13—Greene, R.
7—Roberts, R.

MICHIGAN.
1—Corliss, R. 7—Weeks, R.
2—Smith, R. 8—Fordney, R.
3—Gardner, R. 9—Bishop, R.
4—Hamilton, R. 10—Crump, R.
5—Smith, R. 11—Mesick, R.
6—S. W. Smith, R. 12—Sheldon, R.

MINNESOTA.
1—Tawney, R. 5—Fletcher, R.
2—McCleary, R. 6—Doubtful.
3—Heatwole, R. 7—Eddy, R.
4—Stevens, R.

MISSISSIPPI.
1—Allen, D. 5—Williams, D.
2—Speight, D. 6—Love, D.
3—Catchings, D. 7—Henry, D.
4—A. F. Fox, D.

MISSOURI.
1—Lloyd, D. 9—Clark, D.
2—Rucker, D. 10—Bartholdt, R.
3—Dougherty, D. 11—Joy, R.
4—Cochran, D-P. 12—Pearce, R.
5—Cowherd, D. 13—Robb, D.
6—DeArmond, D. 14—Vandiver, D.
7—Cooney, D. 15—Benton, D.
8—Bland, D.

MONTANA.
At large—A. J. Campbell, D.

NEBRASKA.
1—Burkett, R. 4—Doubtful.
2—Mercer, R. 5—Doubtful.
3—Robinson, F. 6—Green, R.

NEVADA.
At large—F. G. Newlands, Sil. Rep.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.
Clarke, R. Sulloway, R.

NEW JERSEY.
1—Loudenslager, R. 5—Stewart, R.
2—Gardner, R. 6—Parker, R.
3—Howell, R. 7—Daly, D.
4—Solomon, D. 8—Fowler, R.

NEW YORK.
1—Scudder, D. 18—Ketcham, R.
2—Fitzgerald, D. 19—Livingstone, D.
3—Driggs, D. 20—Glynn, D.
4—Fischer, D. 21—Stewart, R.
5—Wilson, D. 22—Littauer, R.
6—Maw, D. 23—Emerson, R.
7—Muller, D. 24—Chickering, R.
8—Riordan, D. 25—Sherman, R.
9—Bradley, D. 26—Ray, R.
10—Cummings, D. 27—Driscoll, R.
11—Sulzer, D. 28—Payne, R.
12—McClellan, D. 29—Gillett, R.
13—Levy, D. 30—Wadsworth, R.
14—Astor, D. 31—O'Grady, R.
15—Ruppert Jr., D. 32—Ryan, D.
16—Underhill, D. 33—Alexander, R.
17—Tompkins, R. 34—Roker, R.

NORTH DAKOTA.
At large—B. E. Spalding, R.

OHIO.
1—Shattuc, R. 12—Lentz, D.
2—Bromwell, R. 13—Norton, D.
3—Brenner, D. 14—Kerr, R.
4—Gordon, D. 15—Van Voorhis, R.
5—Meekison, D. 16—Dunford, R.
6—Brown, R. 17—Anderson, D.
7—Weaver, R. 18—Tayler, R.
8—Lybrand, R. 19—Dick, R.
9—Southard, R. 20—Phillips, R.
10—Morgan, R. 21—Burton, R.
11—Grosvenor, R.

OREGON.
1—Tongue, R. 2—Moody, R.

RHODE ISLAND.
1—Bull, R. 2—Capron, R.

SOUTH CAROLINA.
1—Elliott, D. 5—Hanler, D.
2—Talbert, D. 6—Norton, D.
3—Latimer, D. 7—Stokes, D.
4—Wilson, D.

SOUTH DAKOTA.
At large—Burke, R. At large—Gamble, R.

TENNESSEE.
1—Brownlow, R. 6—Gaines, D.
2—Gibson, R. 7—Cox, D.
3—Moon, D.-P. 8—Sims, D.
4—Snodgrass, D. 9—Pedee, D.
5—Richardson, D. 10—Garrack, D.

TEXAS.
1—Ball, D. 8—Lanham, D.
2—Cooper, D. 9—Burleson, D.
3—DeGraffenreid, D. 10—Hawley, R.
4—Sheppard, D. 11—Kleburg, D.
5—Bailey, D. 12—Slayden, D.
6—Burke, D. 13—Stephens, D.
7—Henry, D.

UTAH.
At large—Roberts, D.

VERMONT.
1—Powers, R. 2—Grout, R.

VIRGINIA.
1—Jones, D. 6—Otey, D.
2—Young, D. 7—Hay, D.
3—Lamb, D. 8—Rixey, D.
4—Epes, D. 9—Rhea, D.
5—Swanson, D. 10—Quarles, D.

WASHINGTON.
At large—Cush'n, R. At large—Jones, R.

WISCONSIN.
1—Cooper, R. 6—Davidson, R.
2—Dahle, R. 7—Esch, R.
3—Babcock, R. 8—Miner, R.
4—Otten, R. 9—Stewart, R.
5—Barney, R. 10—Jenkins, R.

PENNSYLVANIA.
At large—Grow, R. At large—Davenport, R.
1—Bingham, R. 15—Wright, R.
2—Adams, Jr., R. 16—Barker, R.
3—Wm. McAleer, D. 17—Polk, D.
4—Young, R. 18—Madden, D.
5—Harmer, R. 19—Zeigler, D.
6—Butler, R. 20—Throop, R.
7—Wanger, R. 21—Jack, R.
8—Barber, D. 22—Dalzell, R.
9—Ermentrout, D. 23—Graham, R.
10—Brosius, R. 24—Acheson, R.
11—Connell, R. 25—Showalter, R.
12—Davenport, D. 26—Higgins, R.
13—Ryan, R. 27—Sibley, D.
14—Olmstead, R. 28—Hall, D.

MARYLAND.
1—Smith, D. 4—Denny, D.
2—Baker, R. 5—Mudd, R.
3—Wachter, R. 6—Parre, R.

RESULTS OF THE ELECTIONS

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

SERIOUS SUBJECTS CAREFULLY CONSIDERED.

A Scholarly Exposition of the Lesson—Thoughts Worthy of Calm Reflection—Half an Hour's Study of the Scriptures—Time Well Spent.

Golden Text—"If we confess our sins, he is faithful and just to forgive us our sins, and to cleanse us from all unrighteousness."—1 John 1:9.

The lesson for Nov. 20 treats of Manasseh's Sin and Repentance and is found in 2 Chron. 33: 9-16. With the end of Hezekiah's reign began a half-century of darkness and corruption. His son Manasseh, ascending the throne at the age of twelve, soon showed how utterly different a man was now to guide Judah. Influenced, no doubt, by foreign wives as Solomon had been, he rebuilt the high places, the Baal altars and the symbols of Astarte, and even built altars for the worship of the stars in the temple itself, the worship of all the heathen deities of the surrounding people found support and encouragement from Manasseh. "He practiced augury, and used enchantments, and practiced sorcery, and dealt with them that had familiar spirits, and with wizards." The depth of degradation to which the nation descended under such a leader need not be described. It was all the more hideous because of the comparative purity of the preceding reign, just as the age of the Restoration in England appeared doubly black after the Puritan rule of Cromwell. The causes of so complete a relapse into paganism are not difficult to find. The preceding reformation had not permanently changed the character of the people, but had only removed their outward symbols of worship and introduced them to the neglected worship of Jehovah. As soon as the restraint was removed, sin broke out again. It will always be so with reformations that do not touch the hearts of the people and introduce into their lives a new impulse.

Explanatory.

"The Lord spake to Manasseh, and to his people": this reign, which extended from about 697 to 642 B. C., was by no means left without warnings from Jehovah. There were prophets in the land, and they did not fail to cry out against the iniquities of the time. Micah was among these prophets and there were doubtless others just as faithful.

"As is always the case, persecution only forced the true prophets to seek other and better channels through which to impart the truths committed to them. Silenced, they took up the pen and endeavored to put these teachings in a form which would be permanent, and at the same time intelligible to all. They recognized that not merely abstract principles, but concrete forms were necessary to reach the masses and take the place of the debasing ceremonials which were valued so highly by the people" (Kent). It is the position of most modern critics of the Old Testament that the present form of the book of Deuteronomy was a product of the prophets who labored during Manasseh's dark reign for a reformation to come, and that it was this book found in Josiah's reign towards the close of the century, on which his reformation was based.

This king of Assyria was either Esarhaddon (681-668) or his son Assurbanipal, the greatest of the Assyrian monarchs, known in Greek history as Sardanapalus (668-626). "Took Manasseh among the thorns": revised version, "in chains."—"Carried him to Babylon": At this time Babylonia was a province of the Assyrian empire, and the city of Babylon was used by the Assyrian monarchs as a sort of second capital, though their permanent seat of government was Nineveh. It was only sixty years until this condition was reversed, and the Babylonians became the masters.

The state of a royal captive of the Assyrian conquerors was likely to be less tolerable than that of an ordinary citizen or soldier, contrary to the customs of most nations, ancient and modern. Manasseh was probably tortured and submitted to great indignities and cruelties. It is a great wonder that these things turned his heart to the God whom he had never truly served. But such wonders do happen. And it counts for much that in his childhood Manasseh had known the care of a godly father.

"He was entreated of him": an archaic use of the word, meaning "he was persuaded by him." "Brought him again to Jerusalem": to send back a captive monarch was of course an unusual proceeding. But so was the act of Cyrus a hundred years later in allowing a captive nation to return to its land. "God moves in a mysterious way his wonders to perform."

This wall was probably to repair damages done by the army that captured Manasseh. Gihon is in the valley of the Kedron, east of the city. Ophel is the southern part of the temple hill, on the southeast corner of Jerusalem.

Teaching Hints.

It is true that in this case the son of a good father was a failure at first and repented late in life. But the popular notion that young men of righteous parentage and strict training are more likely than others to go astray is not founded on fact. The exceptions prove the rule, which is that "as the twig is bent, the tree's inclined." When, however, the son of a good man does go wrong, he is not likely to reform, and this should be a warning to children of Christian parents.

God's mercy towards repentant sinners is far wider than man can comprehend. He can forgive royally. He could forgive freely the transgressions of men who lived centuries before Christ came to make propitiation for the sins of the world. But that propitiation was in a sense necessary to reveal to all men his righteousness in such forbearance. See Rom. 3: 25.

Next Lesson—"Temperance Lesson." Prov. 4: 10-19.

The crookedest brook in America is the No Name Pond brook, 40 miles out side which an electric road runs for some distance below Crowlers. The Congo is no instance to this crooked little stream. It is so crooked that suckers caught there have curvature of the spine.

Standard Hill farm near Northallerton, on which the battle of the Standard between King Stephen and the Empress Maud was fought in 1138, is offered for sale.

Stop Coughing

Every cough makes your throat more raw and irritable. Every cough congests the lining membrane of your lungs. Cease tearing your throat and lungs in this way. Put the parts at rest and give them a chance to heal. You will need some help to do this, and you will find it in

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TOPICS FOR FARMERS

A DEPARTMENT PREPARED FOR OUR RURAL FRIENDS.

Growing of Tobacco Is on the Increase—Rot Cornstalks in the Soil—Growth of Commercial Fertilizer Manufacture—How to Judge a Horse.

A farmer sat on his porch one day,
Thinking of his fields and meadows of hay,
Of his fine bred horses and fine bred cows,
Of his fleecy sheep and his full-blooded sows,

He thought of the work of his hands and brain
It took these traits in his pets to train;
How he had labored and toiled night and day
To make good breeds that would always pay.

But never once did he think of the hen
That was out in the yard singing just then;
You see she was a mongrel, a half-breed,
Just come up, you know, like an old weed.

But nevertheless she had bought and paid
For the cloth of which his pants were made,
She often furnished full half his meal,
For if she didn't get eggs he'd be sure to squeal.

His hat she furnished the eggs to buy,
And I am not sure but she bought his tie.
His shoes, which were of the very best,
Came also from old biddy's nest.

Just then his wife came out with a pan
Filled half full with corn meal and bran,
She gave the hen a gill or two,
Saying, "My good, old friend, how are you?"

The farmer looked up in a dreamy way
And with a scowl on his face began to say,
"Those old hens don't begin to pay,
For they do nothing but eat and lay."

These last two words were spoken by his wife,
Who had worked with poultry all her life.
Said she: "Look here, they're our best friend,
For they furnish all the money we have to spend."

She showed him how the mortgage was paid
By the many eggs that biddy had laid.
"Well, we'll get a new breed next year,"
He said as he kissed his wife so dear.
—Poultry Farmer.

Preparing Ground for Tobacco.

The growing of tobacco seems to be on the increase and to be coming more into prominence every year as an agricultural crop. The zone of its influence seems to be enlarging in an agricultural sense. Parts of the country that were formerly regarded as unfitted for the growing of this plant are coming into prominence as tobacco growing regions. The tobacco plant holds a unique place in our agriculture. We cannot look upon it either as a food or ornamental plant. In itself it is a poisonous weed. It was formerly thought that tobacco growing greatly exhausted the ground, but under proper methods this is believed now not to be the case.

Growers of tobacco say that the culture of the soil should begin a long time before the culture of the plant, to get the best results. The land should be thoroughly plowed and harrowed in the fall. Stable manure should be used in large quantities. This should be done in the fall to give the manure time to decay, as the tobacco plant grows so rapidly that there is no time for manure to undergo chemical changes after the seed has sent out the shoot. It is advised to avoid the use of manures too heavily nitrogenous, and to use considerable potash. After the plants are on the ground cultivation should be frequent and thorough.—Farmers' Review.

Rotting Corn Stalks.

Farmers are coming to realize more and more that the cornstalks should not be burned—that by rotting them in the soil its physical texture would be improved so as to resist drought better. The problem is, how to get them sufficiently decayed the first season.

Where corn is cut up and shocked, first break the stubs as much as practicable and use the stalk cutter. Follow this with disk harrow, mixing the corn stubble and top soil together. This stubble in contact with the soil all winter, absorbing water from rain and snow, freezing and thawing while damp, will by spring become fozy and discolored and so far decayed that when turned under it will soon disintegrate. If the crop is not cut up, gather the corn as soon as it can be cribbed; pasture it at once if it is wanted for pasture, and break down the remaining stalks, treating them in the same way as already suggested. If the stalks can be partly or wholly rotted in this way they are worth more to feed to the next crop than their value as pasture. Test both stubble and stalks this winter. It may not be the best way, but it may lead to the discovery of a much better way to dispose of the stalks than by burning up that which is so much needed to improve the physical texture of our soil, even if it does not add much nitrogen.—Kansas Farmer.

Commercial Fertilizers.

One of the industries which have developed in huge proportions in the last third of a century is the manufacture of commercial fertilizers. The annual production of fertilizers now reaches in value about $40,000,000, and the business is increasing rapidly. A great many of the best chemists in Europe and America are devoting their lives to the study of the subject and to devising combinations to cheapen and improve fertilizers. Farmers have become so well advised as to the kind of fertilizers they need for various soils that they cannot be imposed on. They know what they want as well as the manufacturers, and if the suitable goods are not offered they make no purchases. Superphosphates, potash salts, nitrate and ammonia salts, industrial by-products, such as tankage, dried blood, cotton-seed meal, etc., are the principal elements from which the standard fertilizers are compounded. Production of fertilizers has been greatly cheapened, and as the goods are reduced in price the market for them broadens. An experienced manufacturer makes the prediction that within ten years the production will aggregate $100,000,000 annually. The Agricultural Department is paying especial attention to this subject.

How to Buy a Horse.

If you want to buy a horse, take no man's word for it. Your eye is your market. Don't buy a horse in harness. Unhitch him and take everything off but the halter, and lead him around. If he has any failing, you can see it. Let him go himself away, and if he walks right into anything you know he is blind. No matter how clear and bright his eyes are he can't see any more than a bat. Back him, too. Some horses show their weakness or tricks in that way when they don't in any other. But, be as smart as you can, you'll get caught sometimes. Even the experts get stuck. A horse may look over so nice, and go a great pace and yet have fits. There isn't a man who could tell it until something happens. Or he may have a weak back. Give him the whip and off he goes for a mile or two, then all of a sudden he stops on the road. After a rest he starts again, but soon stops for good, and nothing but a derrick can start him.—Southern Stock Farm.

How to Make a Cheap Ice House.

Select or make a level place of ground near the house where least exposed to the summer sun, and cover it with any kind of cheap boarding. Leave space between the board for drainage. Place stout posts at each corner, the two at the front being 2 feet higher than those at the back, to support the slanting roof. Nail rough boards all around to the height of 2½ feet, and then nail similar ones to the inside. Fill up this space on all sides with sawdust or tan bark, and cover the floor to a depth of 10 inches with the same. Select a freezing day, when the ice is in its best condition for storing. Have the ice cut in as large squares as can be handled, and pack it as closely and evenly as possible, and fill up all gaps with pounded ice, also turning water over each layer. Nail on more boards when the space is filled, and put in more layers of ice until enough is stored for a summer's use; then cover the top with sawdust or tanbark 2 feet deep, and build over it a roof of boards covered with slabs. When ice is removed from it, care must be taken to replace the covering as completely as possible.—Practical Farmer.

Whitewash the Farm Buildings.

The most durable whitewash is that used by the United States Government for painting lighthouses. It is made of three parts fresh Rosendale cement and two parts of clean fine sand, well mixed with clean water. It must be kept well stirred when using and the wall must be wet with clean water just before applying the whitewash, which should be as thick as it can be conveniently spread with a whitewash brush. A good, double whitewash is made by slaking half a bushel of fresh lime with boiling water, dissolve 6 pounds of fine salt in water and thoroughly mix this with the slaked lime and strain it through a fine sieve of coarse cloth, add half a pound of powdered Spanish whiting and one pound of clean glue, which has been dissolved in warm water, add to this five gallons of clean hot water and stir it well over a slow fire until it is thoroughly heated and well mixed, then set it away for a day or two so it will become well seasoned, and when using it keep it thinned with hot water to a consistency that can be readily applied with a white-wash brush and spread it while quite hot.

Feeding Whey to Hogs.

Whey contains more nutritive value than it is popularly supposed to have. Though most of the fats and caseine have been taken from it, there is a small proportion of both of these that goes through the press. These have some value, but not enough with the large proportion of water to be fed alone. There is also some sugar which makes the pigs fond of whey so they will eat until they are distended with whey, while growing poor in flesh and not gaining in weight at all. But mix some corn and oat meal with this whey, and add the least bit of linseed meal, and the whey becomes altogether a different food. It might be said that the whey contributes nothing of value to the ration. It does, for it makes it more palatable if given in moderation. The sweet in the whey makes it an appetizer, to encourage the animal to eat more than it otherwise would.

Strawberry Plants in Hills.

To successfully grow strawberries in hills the land must be very rich, and this causes many runners to start out. Now, if these runners are allowed to form leaves and do not strike root, and a great quantity of them are cut off all at once, it is not only a great waste, but it throws the plant out of balance of root and foliage, and thus weakened it is liable to be attacked with rust. If the runners are clipped before leaves form it at once proceeds to form new crowns and fruit buds and its roots and foliage will not be thrown out of harmony. There will be little difficulty of this sort if runners are cut every week.—Michigan Fruit Grower.

Quince Flavoring for Apple Pies.

Whenever apples are cooked for pies or sauce a quince sliced up and cooked with them greatly improves the flavor.

COULD NOT SLEEP.

Mrs. Pinkham Relieved Her of All Her Troubles.

Mrs. MADGE BABCOCK, 176 Second St., Grand Rapids, Mich., had ovarian trouble with its attendant aches and pains, now she is well. Here are her own words:

"Your Vegetable Compound has made me feel like a new person. Before I began taking it I was all run down, felt tired and sleepy most of the time, had pains in my back and side, and such terrible headaches all the time, and could not sleep well nights. I also had ovarian trouble. Through the advice of a friend I began the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and since taking it all troubles have gone. My monthly sickness used to be so painful, but have not had the slightest pain since taking your medicine. I cannot praise your Vegetable Compound too much. My husband and friends see such a change in me. I look so much better and have some color in my face."

Mrs. Pinkham invites women who are ill to write to her at Lynn, Mass., for advice, which is freely offered.

Farmers' Alliance.

To the Members of the Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union: I have made a careful investigation from the best sources of reliable information about the Swanson Rheumatic Cure Co.'s Remedies, and found that they were giving good satisfaction. I therefore deem it but an act of simple justice to our members to say that I believe that the claims made by the company for their remedies will be fully realized by those who will give them a fair and reasonable trial. Yours fraternally, Jno. C. Hanley, Business Agt. F. A. & I. U.

St. Paul, Minn., Oct. 28, 1898.

The wonderful success that has attended the introduction of "5 DROPS" is unprecedented in the history of the world. Think of it! It has cured more than one million and a quarter sufferers within the last three years. This must appeal to you! One million and a quarter people cannot all be mistaken. If suffering from Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Backache, Asthma, Catarrh, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Nervous and Neuralgic Headaches, Heart Weakness, Earache, Croup, LaGrippe, Malaria, Creeping Numbness, Bronchitis and kindred diseases, send 25c to the Swanson Rheumatic Cure Company, 167 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill., and they will send you by return mail a trial treatment or a large bottle, 300 doses, prepaid by mail or express for $1.00. No household should be without this great remedy "5 Drops." Agents appointed in new territory.

Not to Be Caught.

Waiters in Parisian restaurants always have an answer ready. Zola, the novelist, had noticed this fact, and according to the London Figaro, made use of it in perpetrating a joke.

"Bring me a sphinx a la Marengo," he said to a waiter.

"I am sorry to say they are out," was the answer.

"What, no more sphinx?" said Zola, in a tone of indignant surprise.

The waiter stepped close to the chair and whispered:

"The truth is, we have some, monsieur, but I don't care to serve them to you, as they are not quite fresh."

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15c. and 25c. per package. Sold by all grocers.

Why She Sought the Office.

"So you are a candidate for Mayor, are you?" inquired a friend of a Western village maid, whose years were rather more certain than otherwise.

"What salary does the office pay?"

"Oh," replied the female standard-bearer, "there is no salary at all; but you see the Mayor has authority to advertise for proposals, and——"

"Yes, I think I see," interrupted the other.

There is one thing that does not mind the weather, and that is rheumatism; and one thing that does not mind rheumatism is St. Jacobs Oil, as it goes to work upon it and cures right off.

In Japan a much can live like a gentleman on $300 a year. This sum will pay the rent of a house, the wages of two servants, and supply plenty of food.

It is not enough to have great qualities, we must also have the management of them.—Rochefoucauld.

Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP for Children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

WANTED.—Case of bad health that R·T·P·A·N·S will not remove. Send 2 cents to Rumsey Chemical Co. New York, for 10 samples and 1,000 testimonials.

If a girl's father objects to a young man's suit, he should change tailors.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Thing Were Different.

A workingman with a dinner-pail in his hand came out of a little shop, and was met by a fellow-workingman.

"Why, Jim," exclaimed the newcomer, "you're working overtime now, ain't you?"

"No," was the reply, "I'm not."

"Ain't you putting in over eight hours a day?"

"Yes."

"I thought eight hours was the union schedule?" remarked the outsider.

"Yes, but you see I have bought the shop, and I want to work more than I did."—Youth's Companion.

Every living thing has pains and aches sometimes, and the aches and pains of humankind have a friend in St. Jacobs Oil, which stands by in need to cure and restore.

The Hardest of Them All.

The Rev. Mr. Goodman—Remember, my friend, that the way of the transgressor is hard.

The Hon. Mr. Downgrade—I know that, but it ain't half as hard as the way of the officeseeker who didn't enlist.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address,
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

A Brave Man.

"Fenwick must have supreme confidence in his wife."

"Why so?"

"He bought her a rolling-pin for her wooden wedding present."

Coughing Leads to Consumption. Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

According to careful estimates, three hours of close study wear out the body more than a whole day of hard physical exertion.

Are You Going to Florida?

Do you want maps, rates, routes, time card or other information? If so, address H. W. Sparks, T. P. A., 234 Clark street, Chicago.

Easily Answered.

Pryer—According to your observation of popular taste, what poets do you consider in the swim just now?

Myers—Divers poets, of course.—Boston Courier.

He cried out in agony, and they ran to the neighbors for help. Sciatica was torturing him. Better run for St. Jacobs Oil, or have it handy. It is known to cure the worst cases.

Though Vienna is constantly growing, the consumption of meat, owing to the growing number of poor families, has steadily decreased during the last six years.

Rigid Discipline.

"I don't let my wife wear her watch after 6 p. m."

"For goodness' sake, why not?"

"Because I don't believe in a woman having anything to do with wheels after nightfall."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

The "American Boy" Battleship.

Every American hopes our school boys will succeed in their efforts to raise $3,000,000 to be used in building a battleship. It costs great sums to build a warship, but you can build up your health with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters at small expense. This remedy is for all stomach, liver and bowel disorders.

Patriotic Anxiety.

Voice Over the 'Phone—Any more fighting in Santiago?

The Office Boy—Nop.

Voice—Sure?

"Yes, sure. You seem mighty anxious."

"You bet I'm anxious. I've got a nephew there who owes me $13."—Cleveland Plaindealer.

What Do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing, and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee, but costs about ¼ as much. All grocers sell it. 15c. and 25c.

All Good Ones.

Ethel—I've had fully a dozen offers of marriage lately.

Maud—Mercy me! Good ones?

Ethel—Yes. All from George.—Boston Traveler.

Lane's Family Medicine

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

A large part of Cuba is occupied by impenetrable forests, not more than 10 per cent. of the island being under cultivation.

Two bottles of Piso's Cure for Consumption cured me of a bad lung trouble.—Mrs. J. Nichols, Princeton, Ind., Mar. 26, '95.

The entire collection of coins and medals in the British Museum consists of nearly 250,000 specimens.

A complete feminine toilet service always includes Glenn's Sulphur Soap.
Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, black or brown, 50c.

In some parts of Norway corn is still used as a substitute for coin.

Catarrh In the Head

Is an inflammation of the mucous membrane lining the nasal passages. It is caused by a cold or succession of colds, combined with impure blood. Catarrh is cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which eradicates from the blood all scrofulous taints, rebuilds the delicate tissues and builds up the system. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

How to Get Strong

A system which has become run down by the trying weather of the past summer is not in a condition to meet the severe winter of this climate and will easily fall a prey to disease unless a proper tonic is used.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are the best medicine in the world for building up and strengthening an enervated system.

Do not confuse these pills with ordinary purgative pills. They do NOT act on the bowels, thereby further weakening the body. They build up the blood and strengthen the nerves.

Major A. C. Bishop, of 715 Third Ave., Detroit, Mich., is a well-known civil engineer. He says: "When I had my last spell of sickness and came out of the hospital I was a sorry sight. I could not regain my strength, and could not walk over a block for several weeks. I noticed some articles in the newspapers regarding Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, which convinced me that they were worth trying and I bought two boxes. I did not take them for my complexion but for strength. After using them I felt better, and know they did me worlds of good. I am pleased to recommend them to invalids who need a tonic or to build up a shattered constitution."—*Detroit Free Press.*

At all druggists or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N.Y. Price fifty cents per box.

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Upper and lower sets of teeth, porcelain crowns and bridge work that imitates natural teeth to perfection as well as give good service to wearer.
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No. 12—Grand Rapids 10:40 a. m.
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No. 3—Express and Mail 10:00 a. m
No. 13—Grand Rapids 6:20 p. m.
No. 7—Chicago Express 10:20 p. m.
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85 acres 6 miles south of Chelsea, 15 of timber, 500 peach and 50 plum trees, 5 years old, new house, good barns.

65 acres, 4 miles west of Chelsea, 10 acres timber, good peach and apple orchards, good buildings.

40 acres lays north Cavanaugh lake, comes up to road, no buildings.

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Good building lots, the best locations in Chelsea.

4 houses and lots for sale.

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A MARVELOUS INVENTION.
A new, novel and effective cure for NEURALGIA, INSOMNIA, HEADACHES, DIZZINESS, HAY FEVER, NERVOUSNESS, LOSS OF MEMORY and all HEAD TROUBLES.
DISCARD ALL MEDICINES
Which for above diseases are not only injurious, but expensive, and use a ROYAL NEURALGIA CAP, which gives you a six-month's treatment and positive cure for only ONE DOLLAR. Used by men, women and children. Sold by Dealers or sent by mail on receipt of price by
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The best salve in the world for cuts bruises, sores, ulcers salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price, 25c per box for sale by Glazier & Stimson Druggists

THE BEST COUGH REMEDY ON EARTH

WARNER'S WHITE WINE OF TAR SYRUP, CONSUMPTION CURE, cures a cold in 24 hours if taken in time and does not stop a cough in *one minute* by paralyzing the throat, but it cures the disease and leaves the throat and lungs healthy and strong 25 and 50 cents.

D. C. McLaren wishes to inform the farmers of this vicinity that he has another large lot of that damaged wheat and corn from Toledo, which he is selling at $7 a ton.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, the best cough remedy on earth 25 and 50 cents.

Get your calling cards at The Standard office. "The latest out."

A Good Example.

Daniel Tichenor of Chelsea, on the occasion of his recent 90th birthday, set an example to the rising young men, by shaving himself. There is many a dude one-fifth Uncle Daniel's age who cannot shave himself. Mr. Tichenor had been a shaver eighteen years when Michigan was born and was ten years old when its first governor let out his natal yell. What has shortened Mr. Tichenor's trip is the fact that once or twice in his life he has taken a chew of tobacco. But for that, he might, today be 125 years old, just as well as not. Let every young man eschew the habit.—Jackson Sunday Herald.

Avoid Coughing.

Scientific American: A physican who is connected with an institution in which there are many children, says: "There is nothing more irritable to a cough than coughing. For some time I had been so fully assured of this that I determined for one minute at least to lessen the number of coughs heard in a certain ward in a hospital of the institution. By the promise of rewards and punishments I succeeded in inducing them simply to hold their breath when tempted to cough, and in a little while I was myself surprised to see how some of the children entirely recovered from the disease. Constant coughing is precisely like scratching a wound on the outside of the body; so long as it is done, the wound will not heal. Let a person, when tempted to cough draw a long breath and hold it until it warms and and soothes every air cell, and some benefit will soon be received from this process. The nitrogen which is thus confined acts as an anodyn to the mucous membrane allaying the desire to cough and giving the throat and lungs a chance to heal."

Real Estate Transfers.

John H Cutting and wife to Nellie L Tyler, Ann Arbor $1,000.

Nellie L Tyler to John H Cutting, Ann Arbor $2,000.

John F Lawrence to Fred C Weinberg, Ann Arbor $200.

Arthur Brown and wife to Fred J Weldman, Ann Arbor $200.

Wm B Johnson and wife to Wm R Henderson, Ann Arbor $400.

Wm J Johnson and wife to John Koch, Ann Arbor $500.

Fred J Weldman to Christian Koch, Ann Arbor $200.

John F. Helber to Frank P Glazier, Sylvan $1,200.

Matthew Jenson and wife to Gustave Barth, Sylvan $1,200.

M S Every to Flora M Every, Bridgewater $1.

Gabriel Freer by administrator to Alice G Freer, Chelsea $850.

John P Hansler to Wm Hansler, Freedom $3,600.

August Hausch and wife to John Allen, Ypsilanti $900.

Huron Valley Building and Loan Association to John Allen, Ann Arbor $200.

John Gallagher and wife to Albert Meyer, Dexter $2,300.

Mary E Bycraft to Cora M. Bycraft, Ann Arbor $[illegible].

Grace Lutheran Church, by sheriff, to W. P. Grove, Ann Arbor $1,500.

Francis Beeman and wife to Hiram Lighthall, Sylvan $1,755.

COUNTY AND VICINITY.

F. C. Hollis, Milan's washee-washee, fell in such a manner recently as to spill a five gallon can of hot starch on his arm. There has been a decided stiffness in the member since.

When a prominent Ypsilanti young lady was visiting in Superior, Wis., the morning paper announced that Miss Ypsilanti of Ann Arbor, Mich., was visiting in the city.—Ypsilantian.

The iron smoke-stack at the saw mill was raised last Friday. Just as it was got in to place one of the guy ropes broke and the stack fell, breaking in two places. It was afterwards repaired and successfully raised.—Dexter Leader.

In Haeussler's store window was shown a white robin, shot in Sharon and mounted by Kiel. It appears that State Game Warden Osborn heard above it, and wrote Harve Rose to investigate and prosecute the person who shot the bird. The law protects song birds.—Manchester Enterprise.

While Major Kirk was at Ann Arbor election night a few of his friends fixed up a surprise party in the law office of Judge Babbitt and himself. A more perfect imitation of the primeval chaos would have been difficult to find than the sight which met the major's eyes when he stepped over the official threshold yesterday afternoon. The four walls and ceiling were drapped with national bunting and ornamented with such signs as "This is my busy day, call tomorrow"; "The morning after election"; "If you don't see what you want, ask for it," etc. The floor was covered to a depth of several inches with loose papers, parts of a broken chair hung from the gas fixtures and about twenty empty bottles were carelessly strewn about the floor and furniture. The major thanked the boys for their celebration in his honor, and told them that he was only sorry he couldn't have been with them in body as well as spirit.—Evening Times.

Ann Arbor's school of music is crowded with students.

Sunday forenoon Freddie Daley made his final appearance as a boy soprano, singing at the St. Andrew's church in this city. He will now retire for a time in order not to hurt his voice which is beginning to change. His career during the past few years has been phenomenal and all Michigan has wondered at his singing.—Ann Arbor Courier.

Harry West of Ann Arbor died Friday morning of lockjaw. He has been employed in draying, and about a week before he stepped upon a rusty nail, inflicting what was supposed to be a slight wound in the foot. It was however, much more dangerous than was anticipated. Medical treatment was thought to be unnecessary until blood poisoning set in, with the above result. He was 16 years of age.

The Washtenaw jail is terribly overcrowded and has been for a long time. There are those outside who have rights there which are denied them. A recommendation for a new jail is before the board of Supervisors. The jail roster shows that 178 men and 8 women have found accomodations there in the past six months. Of these 115 went for being drunk. The plea was that the water was bad. A short time ago a temperance lecture was given by a University professor who illustrated with a microscope. Said the professor: "I have here some swamp water containing microbes. Viewed under the glass you observe they are alive and squirming. Now, to show the deadly effects of alcohol, I will add a drop to this water." He did so and every microbe instantly straightened out as still as a mackeral. "That settles it!" hiccoughed a cardinal nosed bum who had staggered to the front, "that settles it, an I'll—never—drink any more wazzer long's I live—without some (hic) whisky in it." Hillsdale Leader.

Charged $5 For "Sass."

A story is told of Fanny Kemble, whose favorite summer resort was Lenox, that on her first season there she employed a self respecting villager, who had a comfortable turnout, to drive her about. He, feeling it to be his duty to make the drive as entertaining as possible, began to call her attention to the beauty of the scenery—which she wished to enjoy undisturbed—and to tell her who lived in certain houses as they passed along, until finally Mrs. Kemble, being unable to stand it any longer, said in the high tragedy manner somewhat peculiar to her, "I have engaged you to drive for me, sir, and not to talk."

The driver ceased talking, pursed up his lips, and in all their subsequent drives his only remarks were such as he found necessary to address to his horses. At the end of the season he handed in his bill for the summer services. Running her eye down its awkward columns, she paused at an item that she didn't understand. "What is this, sir? I cannot comprehend it."

With equal gravity he replied, "Sass, $5. I don't often take it, but when I do I charge."

She paid the bill without comment and continued to employ the same driver during many summers she spent there.—Boston Record.

Fond of Crab.

A jolly old boy from the Midlands entered into one of the hotels at the seaside and seeing on the slab on the right a crab dressed on the shell with legs, claws and parsley ranged round, said to the landlord:

"What d'ye call that?"

"Crab," was the answer.

"Looks good. I'll have un, and gie us a pint of ale."

Bread and butter was added and the diner left to his dinner. In about an hour the genial landlord entered the dining saloon to see if his guest was getting on all right. He found him chawing up the last claw, the chawer red in the face, but beaming.

"Like the crab, sir?"

"Yes. He was capital. I never tasted one afore, but I think you baked un a little too long. The crust was hard. Let's have another pint."

He had eaten the lot—shell, claws and all complete.—London Tit-Bits.

Each figure in a first class waxwork exhibition has to be remade every four or five years. The wax loses its color and becomes soft and spongy after that time.

It is estimated that in Paris one in 18 of the population, or 150,000, live on charity, with a tendency toward crime. In London this class is one in 30.

HOW TO LOOK GOOD.

Good looks are really more than skin deep, depending entirely on a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver is inactive, you have a bilious look, if your stomach is disordered, you have a dyspeptic look, if your kidneys are affected, you have a pinched look. Secure good health, and you will surely have good looks. "Electric Bitters" is a good alterative and tonic. Act directly on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and purifies the blood, cures pimples, blotches and boils, and gives a good complexion. Every bottle guaranteed. Sold at Glazier & Stimson's drug store. 50 cents per bottle.

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Pure cider vinegar. Pure spices of all kinds.
The best TEA in town. COFFEE the best for the price.
Gasoline and Kerosene. Vegetable and Fruits of every description.
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AT CUMMINGS'.

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Steel Ranges, Cook Stoves,
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Surries, Farm Wagons,
Hardware, Furniture,
Crockery, Glassware and Lamps,
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THE GREAT
FOUR-C REMEDY
FOR
LA GRIPPE.
For Sale by R. S. Armstrong & Co.

What if Not Miracles?
The great Four-C Remedy is doing work wherever introduced as nearly miraculous as it ever falls to the lot of any human agency to do (I will esteem it a favor for any one interested to write the persons whose names appear below or anyone whose name may appear among these testimonials.)
My aim is to convince the public of my sincerity and of the true merits of this remedy.

BENEFACTORS OF THE RACE.
Office of "KINGFISHER TIMES,"
Kingfisher, Okla., Dec. 12, '93.
GENTLEMEN:—I believe it my duty to write you this in regard to the beneficial effect of Phelps' Four C Remedy," so far as I am personally concerned. A week ago last Thursday, I was taken with a severe attack of la grippe and in a short time became so hoarse I could not speak above a whisper. The night previous I had coughed nearly the entire night; just before retiring I took a teaspoonful, and slept the entire night as sweetly as ever I did in my life, not coughing once. I was entirely relieved before taking one bottle. Phelps' Cough, Cold and Croup Cure should be in every household in the land. I send you this wholly unsolicited by anyone, for you are benefactors of the race in giving it the antidote for some of the worst afflictions to which it is heir.
Very Truly Yours,
C. J. NESBITT, Editor.

A MIRACLE.
Kansas City, Kansas, Dec. 24, '91
Last Friday, Dec. 19, my attending physician stated unless I was better by morning he could do nothing for my relief. That night I commenced taking Phelp's "Four C" remedy, stopped all other medicines. The first dose stopped my cough; slept and rested well; a few more doses removed all soreness from my lungs; the second day I was up; the third day I was out on the porch and to-day was up town purchasing holiday goods.
MISS JENNIE BASSET,
Washington Ave. and Summit St.

CROUP CURED.
One dose of Phelps' Cough, Cold and Croup Cure, gave my child instant relief when attacked with the croup.
W. E. MOORE, of Moore Bros., Grocers,
Arkansas City, Kansas.

UNBROKEN REST AT NIGHT.
J. B. HULING, Manager,
Office Commercial Printing Co.,
196 South Clark St.
Chicago, Nov. 24, '94
R. R. Phelps, Esq., City,
DEAR SIR;—I wish to bear testimony to the great efficacy of your "FOUR C" remedy in throat and lung ailments. As a rule I have been skeptical of the merits of proprietary medicines, but have to confess that a test of your "Four C" is convincing that at least one ready-made remedy is worthy of use. My children all take it without the least objection, from oldest to youngest and it is particularly noticeable that benefit is almost immediate. A single dose will check most coughs in their beginning; it gives an unbroken rest at night. In my family "Four C" is simply indispensable and I recommend it unqualifedly.
Yours,
J. B. HULING.

ACUTE LARYNGITIS.
Chicago, Sept. 25, '95
For years back each winter I have suffered with acute Laryngitis. Last winter was so bad I could not leave my room for two weeks or speak above a whisper. I tried every known cough preparation from cough drops up and down with no relief, then in desperation I was induced to try Phelp's "Four C." The first dose relieved my cough, giving me the first night's rest for weeks. Half the bottle cured me. I have never been without this wonderful remedy since. It is as different from other like remedies as molasses from vinegar or sugar from sand.
MRS. JOSEPH E. GRUBB,
5313 Madison Ave.

IT IS A MIRACLE.
Conductor Eckard, the Railroad Correspondent of the Neodasha Kansas Register, has this to say of "Four C." "Phelps is having a wonderful sale of his Cough and Cold Remedy. We personally know it is just what it is represented to be. Too much cannot be said in its praise. It is a miracle.

NOTICE TO DRUGGISTS AND THE PUBLIC.
CONTRACT.—Druggists are authorized in ALL CASES TO REFUND THE PURCHASE PRICE, if the Four-C Remedy (Phelps' Cough, Cold and Croup Cure) fails to give satisfaction in Croup, Bronchitis, Asthma, La Grippe, Coughs and Colds, no matter how long standing, or deep seated, in fact I guarantee in all manner of Bronchial or Lung trouble, not as a Cure-All, but to give unbounded satisfaction. Give it a trial on the above conditions. I take all chances.
R. R. PHELPS, 118 53d Street, CHICAGO, ILL., Prop.
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